

Pronto!

User Guide



About this Guide

Pronto!, the Flash mail interface from Telpage, is an easy to use yet powerful email application. Although we fully expect that you could master most of the features without the assistance of a user guide, we are happy to provide this documentation for additional guidance. Of course friendly technical support is available for the Pronto! interface. We simply suggest you refer to this guide first as most questions can be answered through the information contained in the guide.

1. Pronto! Login Page



The logon page allows you to enter your account details such as username and password and optionally select your preferred language. To access your account enter the information into two fields: Username and Password. Once you have entered the username, password and optionally selected your language of choice, click the “Login” button and you will be re-directed to the e-mail inbox.

Username Field: Enter your Telpage email address as the username. The username field is not case sensitive.

Password Field: When the account was created a unique password was selected for identification purposes and to provide access to the account. Confirm that the password is the one that you registered and enter it here. The password field is case sensitive.

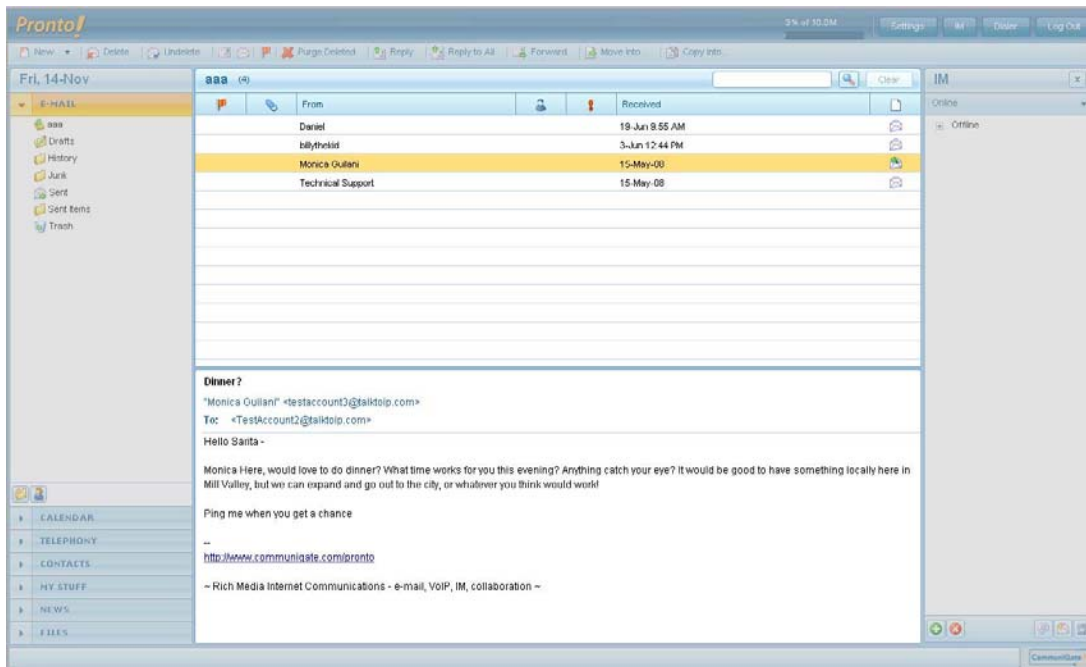
Language Menu: The Pronto! interface is available in over 26 different languages. If you click on the language option, a pull-down menu will appear with a list of the available languages to choose from. If no language is chosen, Pronto! references your chosen language from the settings options. If you want to change the language of your interface at any time you may do so while you are logged in via the general settings option in Pronto. Please note that changing the language preferences in Pronto! will result in the change being applied to the current session only. If you would like to change the language and keep this change current for all future sessions please refer to section 3.1.1. for more information.

Use Proxy-Safe Mode: Using Proxy Safe Mode activates HTTP binding. You must check this box to logon to the Telpage Pronto! service..

Disable Fixed Address Check: Your web-browser settings may enable some additional security measures such as the Fixed IP Address mechanism. When you connect using a network with multiple home proxies, the requests are processed by Pronto! from different network addresses even when you continue to use the same browser on the same network. If you login to Pronto! from this type of network disable the Fixed Address feature for this session, otherwise you may be disconnected from Pronto!.

Disable Cookies Check: Some browsers do not support “cookies.” If you log into Pronto! from a browser that does not support cookies, disable cookies for this session. If you always connect from a browser that does not support cookies, disable the cookies option in your browser settings.

2. The “Main Window”

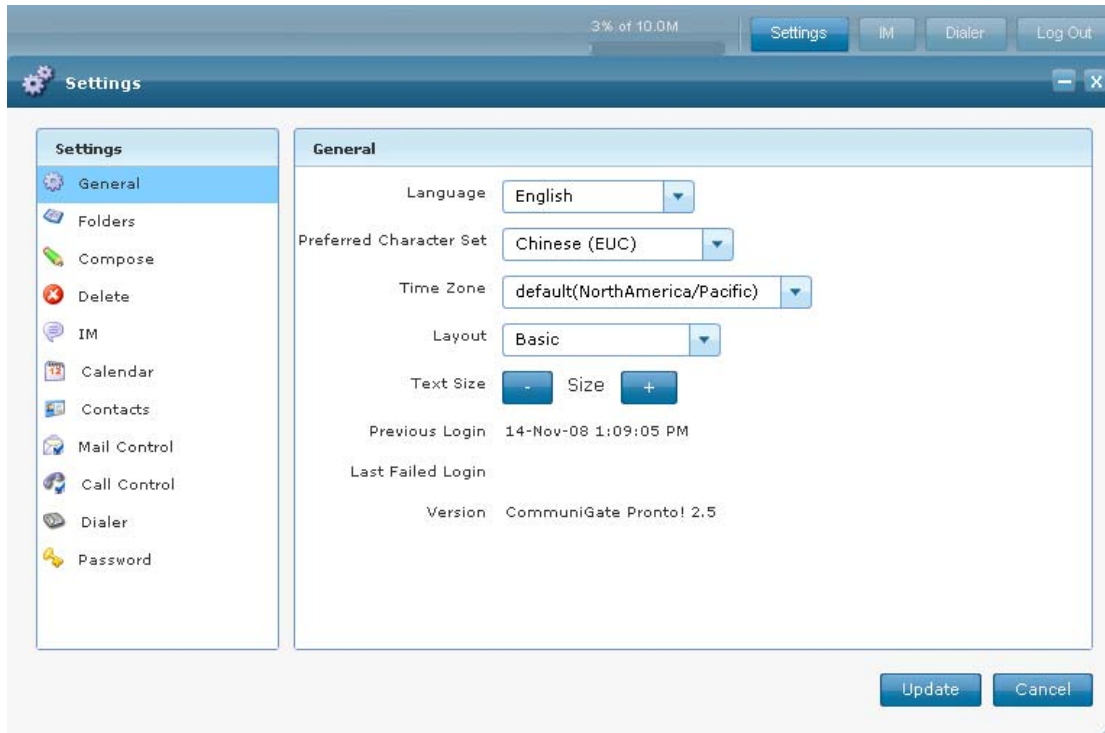


The “Main Window” is the large window that appears in the center of the Pronto! interface. Clicking on any of the tabs in the left most pane module will show the selected module in the “Main Window.” The header is located in the upper left hand side of the “Main Window” will change to correspond with the respective module that has been chosen and will reveal options relevant to the selection. This window will be referred to as the “Main Window” throughout the guide.

3. The Top Link Bar and Buttons

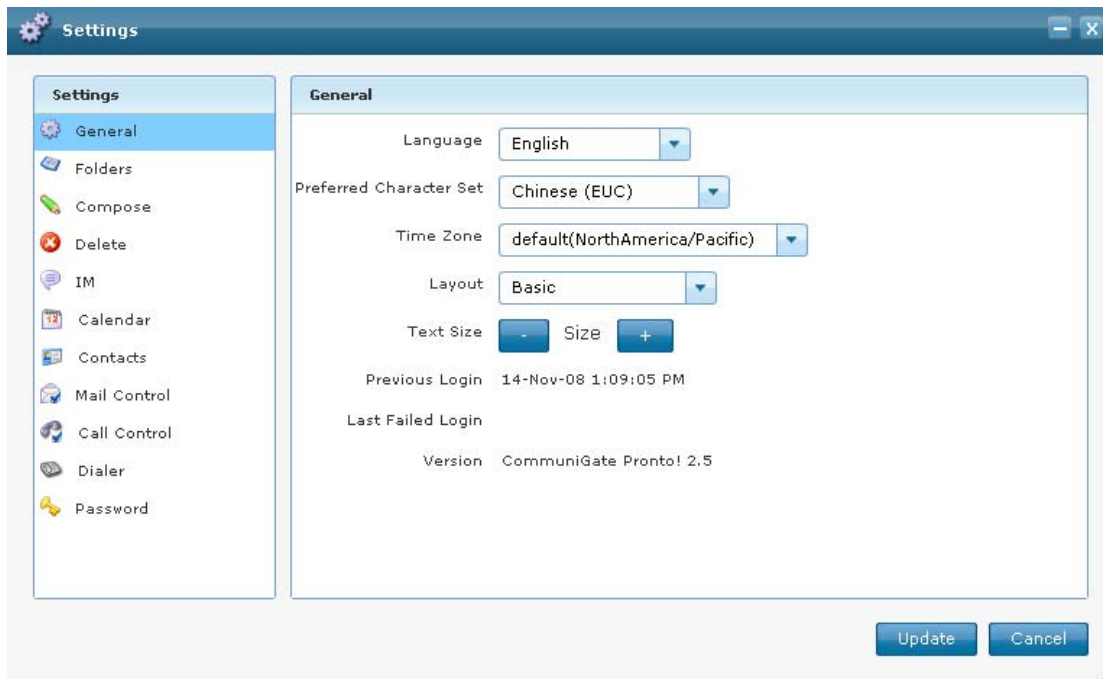


3.1. Settings Button



The Pronto! interface allows you to configure options for your account and the Pronto! client. Changes can be made to the general or module-specific preferences by clicking on the Settings button, on the top right hand side of the screen. This will open the settings window. The various settings categories will appear on the left hand side of the window while the contents of the chosen settings category will appear on the right hand side of the window. Clicking on the update button at the bottom of the settings window after you have made the modifications will save the new preferences, otherwise, the default settings will be maintained. To close the settings window click on the upper right [X] button. To minimize the settings window click on the [] button. The settings window will appear as a small minimized window at the bottom of the Pronto! interface. For any of the settings options, if the default option has been selected, Pronto! will access the default domain settings provided by your administrator. If the administrator changes these settings, the values will change for all options that use the default value. Within the settings window, you will find the following options:

3.1.1. General Settings Tab in the Settings Window



Here you can modify and maintain general settings for the Pronto! interface. These settings will take place over the account and can be changed at any time.

Language menu: The language preference can be chosen at any time by selecting any of the languages from this menu.

Preferred Character Set menu: To change the character set and the way the characters appear in the Pronto! interface by choose any of the character sets found in this menu.

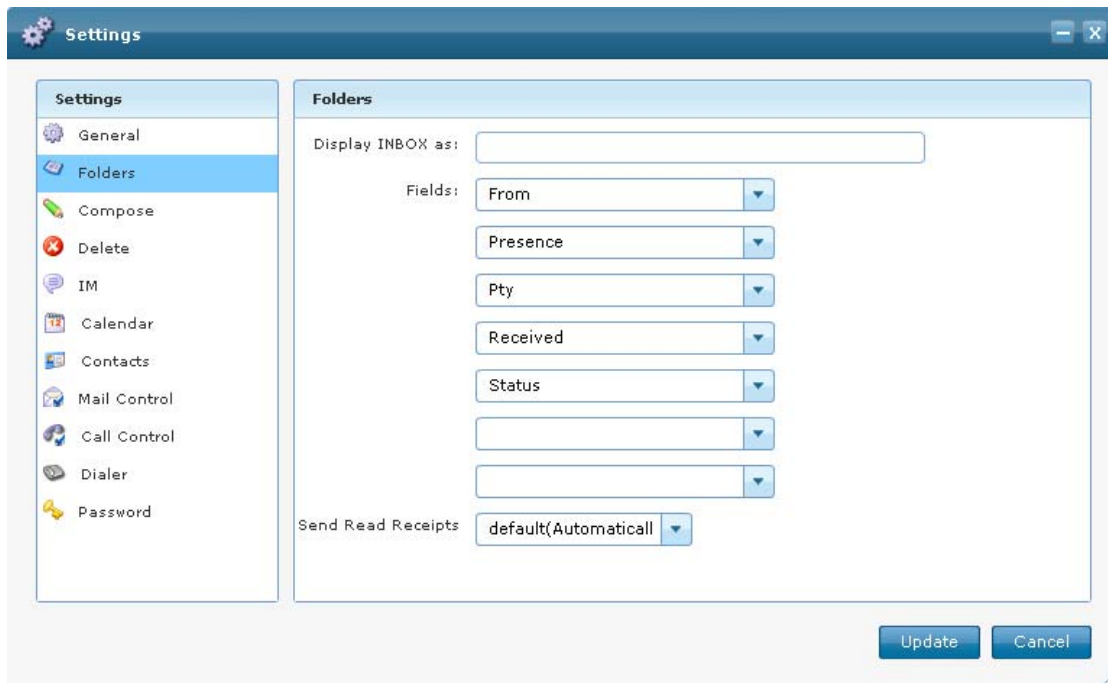
Time Zone menu: The time zone settings can be changed to match the time of your locale by choosing any of the time-zones found in this menu.

Layout menu: The layout and color settings of the Pronto! interface (sometimes referred to as “Skins”) can be changed by choosing any of the layouts found in this pull-down menu.

Text Size: Click on the (+) button to increase the size of the currently selected text format. Click on the (-) button to decrease the size of the currently selected text format.

Login Information: Check when you last successfully logged in to your account, when the last failed-login attempt was, and what product version is running.

3.1.2. Folders Tab in the Settings Window



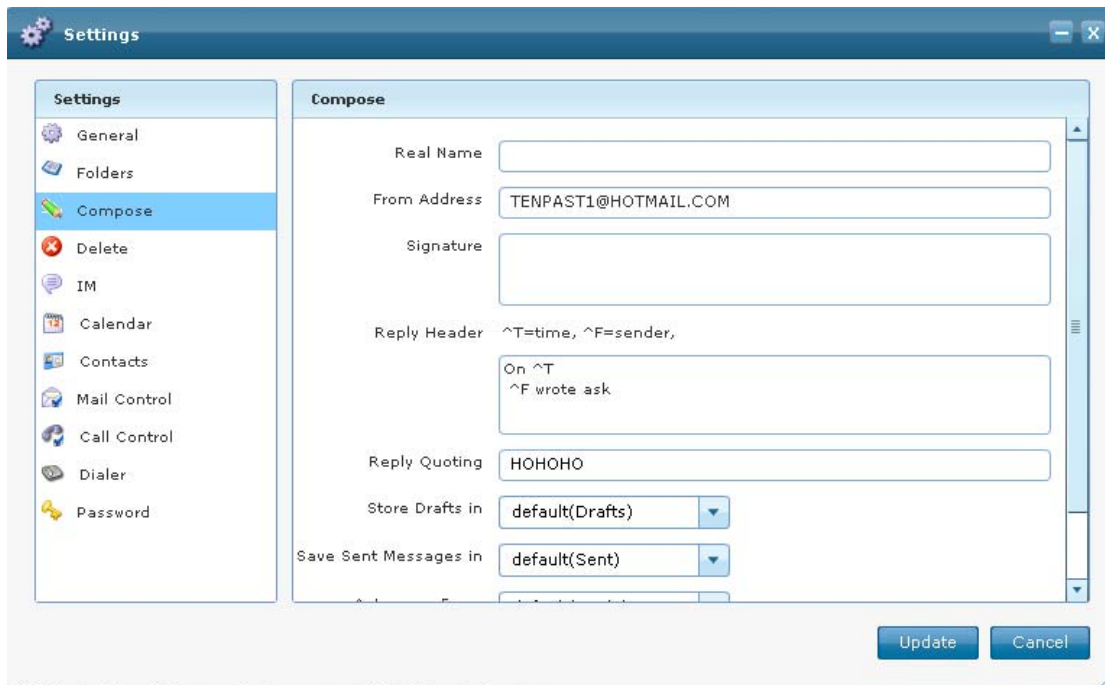
Here you can modify and maintain the inbox folder settings. These settings will apply to the Inbox folder and can be changed at any time.

Display Field: The way the e-mail inbox is named and will appear in the Pronto! interface can be changed by modifying or entering new text into this field and updating. The way you have named the e-mail inbox will change accordingly and be reflected across the Pronto! interface and other client applications.

Fields: The fields that will appear at the top of the e-mail Inbox window can be modified. This may better help to identify, sort through, and maintain your e-mail communications. Up to seven different fields may be shown.

Send Read Receipts: You can choose to send read-receipt messages to contacts by selecting from this pull-down menu. Once the recipient has opened a message with a read-receipt attached a read-receipt message will be delivered to the sender alerting them that the e-mail has been opened.

3.1.3. Compose Tab in the Settings Window



Here you can modify and maintain the e-mail composition settings. These settings will be apparent when you send and receive e-mail and can be changed at any time.

Real Name Field: Allows you to add your first and/or last name to your e-mail messages. When you send a message the recipient will see the newly entered name appearing before the e-mail address allowing them to easily identify the sender.

From Address Field: Your account allows you to change the way a recipient views what e-mail address an incoming message is from. To make your e-mail address appear differently than the initial signup address, enter the desired e-mail address here. When a message is sent, it will appear that the message is originating from the input address, but the mail will still be processed to and from your address and account.

Signature Field: To have a personalized signature appear at the bottom of every new composed message, enter your signature into this field. When you send a message, the signature will appear at the end of the message automatically.

Reply Header Field: Pronto! allows you to customize the reply headers to outbound messages. In this field, you can modify the way the header at the start of your replies appears.

Reply Quoting Field: Pronto! allows you to have a symbol or line of text that will indicate the body of the message you are replying. Modifying or entering text in this field will automatically place the text in front of each new line in the body of the message you are replying.

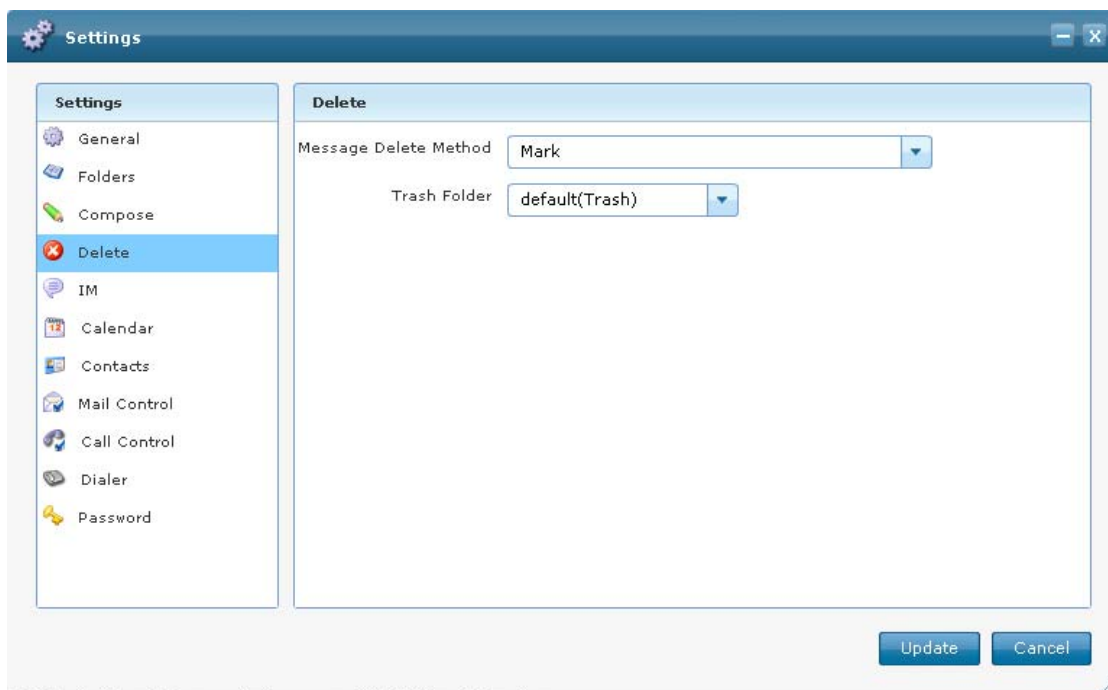
Store Drafts in Menu: This menu dictates in which folder your draft messages will be stored. The selected folder is where drafts will be stored. To access these drafts later, click on the respective folder.

Save Sent Messages In Menu: This menu dictates which folder saved sent messages will be stored. The selected folder is where the saved sent messages will appear. To access these sent messages later, click on the respective folder.

Auto-Save Menu: This menu allows you choose how often the account to automatically saves drafts of the current message. Drafted messages that are automatically saved will appear in the folder you have specified the saved drafts to be stored.

Format Menu: You can choose to have e-mail messages composed in Plain Text format, or in HTML format.

3.1.4. Delete Tab in the Settings Window



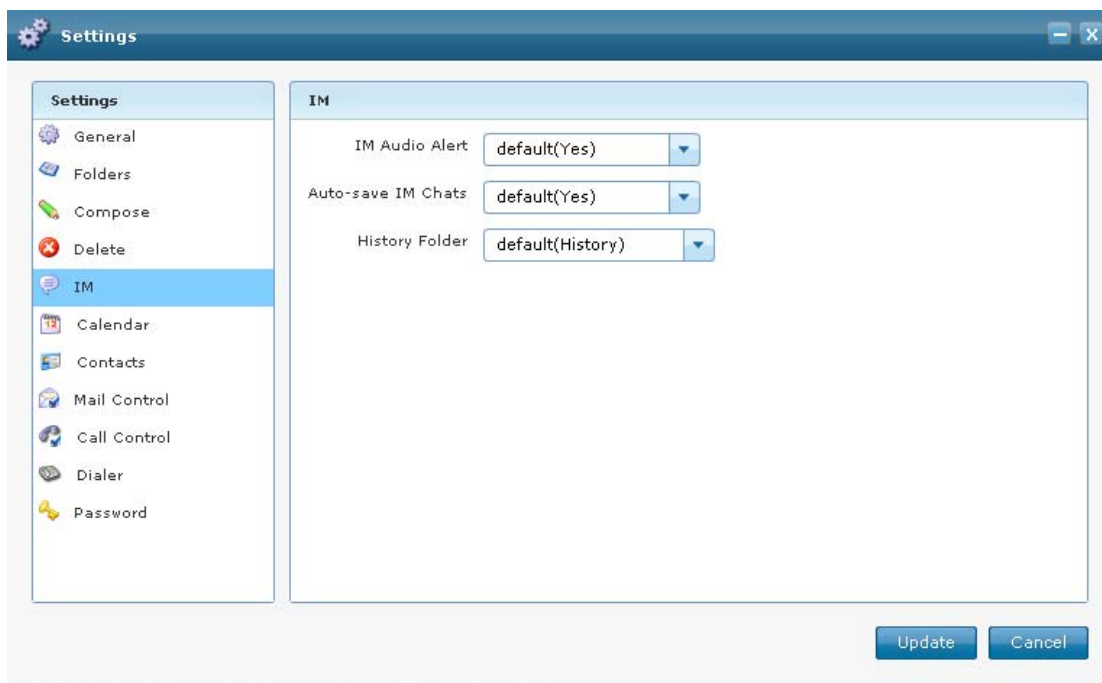
Here you can modify and maintain the e-mail deletion settings. These changes will be applied to your account and can be modified at any time.

Message Delete Method Menu: To choose the way the messages are processed and deleted, select an option from this pull-down menu. You can choose to:

Mark the messages for deletion at a later point and leave the marked messages in your inbox.

Immediately delete the message as you flag it. Mark the deleted messages to be moved to the trash folder.

Trash Folder Menu: Choose which e-mail folder you would like to use as a trash can by selecting the respective folder from this pull-down menu.



3.1.5. IM Tab in the Settings Window

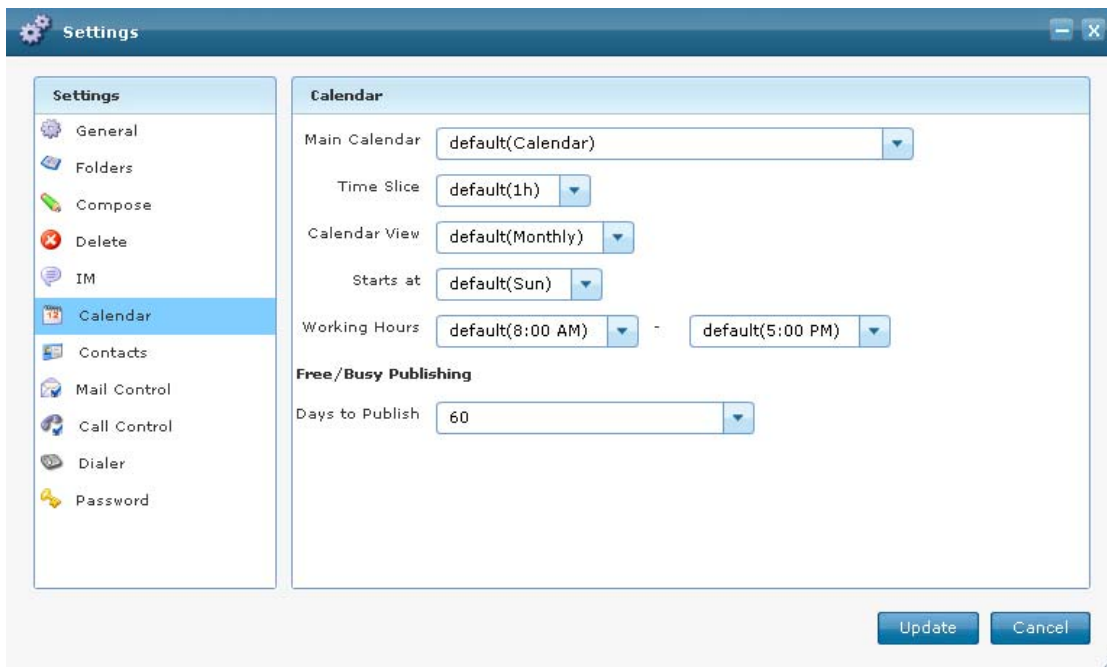
Here you can modify and maintain the settings in regards to Instant Messaging. These changes will be applied to your account and can be modified at any time.

IM Audio Alert Menu: By default an audio alert will be heard each time an instant message is received. To hear a sound alert when you receive an instant message, select “yes” from this menu. If you do not wish to receive an audio alert when receiving messages, select “no” from this menu.

AutoSave IM Chats Menu: To enable automatic saving of instant messages by selecting “yes” from this menu. If you do not wish to store the instant messaging chats, select “no” from this menu and the log will be disabled. The option remains to save instant message chats by clicking on the “save” and “save as” buttons that appear in the instant messaging conversation window.

History Folder Menu: To choose which of the e-mail folders you would like to have as the history folder, by selecting the respective folder from this pull-down menu.

3.1.6. Calendar Tab in the Settings Window



Here you can modify and maintain the settings in regards to calendaring. These changes will be applied to your account and can be modified at any time.

Main Calendar Menu: The Pronto! interface allows you to maintain and monitor multiple calendars in your account. The “main calendar” pull-down menu allows the choice of which calendar should be the default calendar.

Time Slice Menu: Allows you to choose the time segments (in 15 minute increments up to an hour) the calendar is divided. This option can be modified depending on how often new events are scheduled by selecting the appropriate option from the “time slice” pull-down menu. Note: To view the calendar in 1 hour increments choose the “60 minute” option.

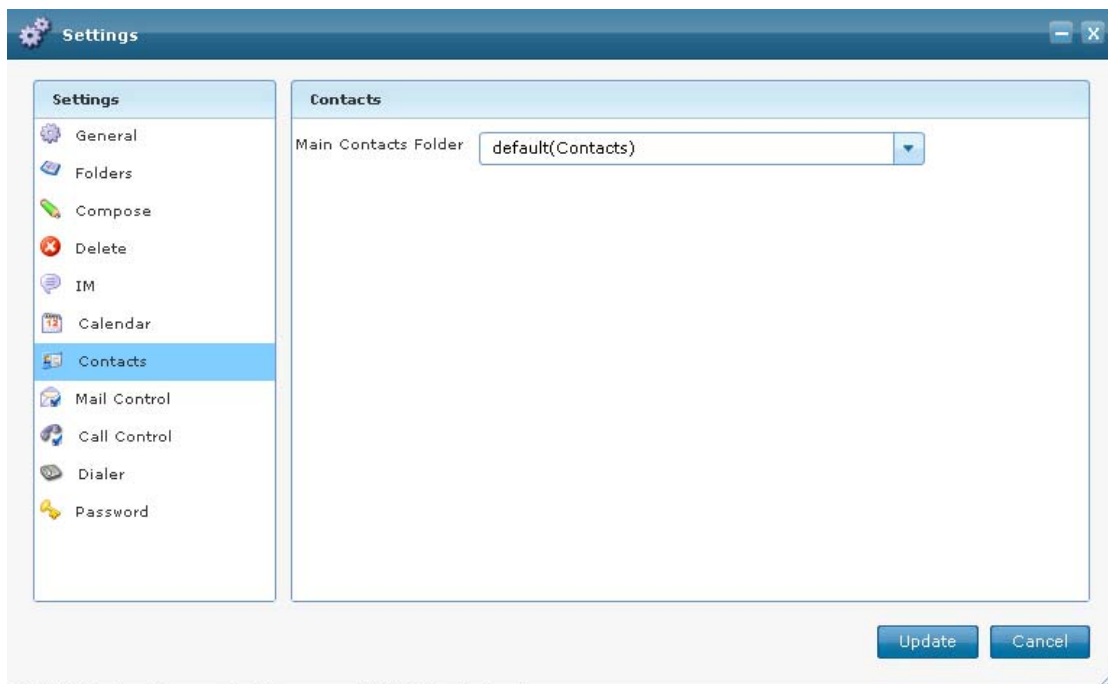
Calendar View Menu: The “calendar view” pull-down menu allows you to choose which view and time-frame the calendar will initially display. These settings can be changed accordingly depending on what date the event is planned.

Starts At Menu: The “starts at” pull-down menu allows the choice of which day of the week the calendar should begin.

Working Hours Menu: The “working hours” pull-down menu allows for the ability to choose what time of day should be classified as “working hours.” By modifying the “working hours” the default hours found in the daily calendar views can be changed to match those of your schedule. The changes will be visible the next time access Pronto!.

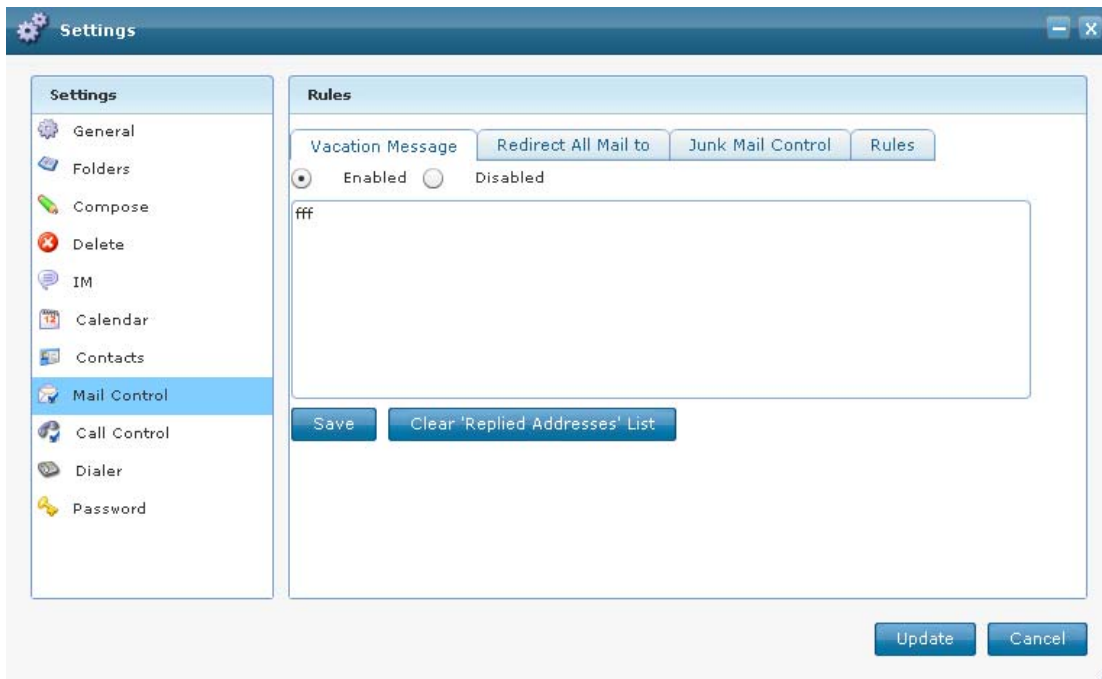
Days to Publish Menu: This menu directly applies to free/busy information. The main calendar’s data is used to generate free/busy information. Using the “Days to Publish” pull-down menu allows you to specify the time period covered by free/busy information.

3.1.7. Contacts Tab in the Settings Window



Here you can modify and maintain settings in regards to which folder contact information will be stored. When saving a contact, right click the message or import the contacts information from a vCard. This change will take place across your account and now the contact will be saved to the specified folder.

3.1.8. Mail Control Tab in the Settings Window



Here you can set rules for and maintain control of incoming messages. These changes will take place across your account and any incoming messages will be subject to these modifications.

Vacation Message: You can enable a pre-scripted auto-response to be distributed as an initial reply to any incoming messages. To create a “vacation message” enter the text into the vacation message field. There are many options found under this tab including:

Saving the message for later use. To save the composed message for later use by clicking on the save button.

Enabling or disabling vacation message by selecting the appropriate option.

Clearing Replied addresses in case you need to update the vacation message or clear the list of addressees that have received the vacation message already.

Redirect all Mail to: If you would like to have incoming messages routed to another e-mail address, enter the routing e-mail address into the “re-direct all mail to” field. There are many options available including:

Saving the address for later use. To save the address for later use click on the save button after entering the redirect address.

Enabling or disabling the re-directing of messages by selecting the appropriate option.

Keeping a copy of the re-directed messages in your account as well as forwarding to the requested e-mail address.

Do not Redirect Automatic Messages: You can choose whether to have messages that are automatically generated re-directed to the requested e-mail address or not.

Preserving To/Cc fields so it looks like the incoming message was not routed through your account. If this option is not selected, you will be alerted that the message has been processed and forwarded through your account.

Junk Mail Control: Virus and spam (junk mail) is not controlled from the Pronto! interface. If you are subscribed to Telpage virus and spam control services simply login to the [VSP Message Center](#). If you have not signed up for this optional service refer to this [link](#) for more information.

Rules: Please exercise caution in the application of rule conditions. Misconfiguring rules can lead to many email issues that include lost mail.

Rule Conditions

Each Rule can use universal conditions specified in the Generic Rules section.

This section describes the additional Rule conditions you can use in E-mail (Queue) Rules.

From [is | is not | in | not in] *string*

Sender [is | is not | in | not in] *string*

This condition checks the message **From** or **Sender** address.

If a message has no From/Sender address, the condition is met if its operation is `is not` or `not in`.

Sample:

Top of Form



The image shows a screenshot of a rule configuration form. It consists of three main parts: a dropdown menu with 'From' selected, a second dropdown menu with 'is' selected, and a text input field containing '*@*communicate.com'. The entire form is enclosed in a light gray border.

Bottom of Form

This condition will be met for all messages coming from any account in any of the communicate.com subdomains.

The same as above, but the message **Sender**, **Reply-To**, **To**, or **Cc** address is checked.

To [is | is not | in | not in] *string*
Cc [is | is not | in | not in] *string*
Reply-To [is | is not | in | not in] *string*

The message Reply-To, To, or Cc address is checked.

If a message has several addresses of the given type, the condition is met if it is true for at least one address. If a message has no addresses of the specified type, the condition is not met.

Any To or Cc [is | is not | in | not in] *string*

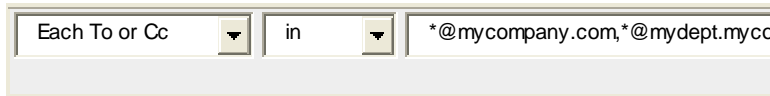
The same as above, but all message To AND Cc addresses are checked. If the message has no To/Cc addresses, the condition is not met.

Each To or Cc [is | is not | in | not in] *string*

All message To AND Cc addresses are checked. The condition is met if it is true for each To and Cc address of the message, or if the message has no To/Cc addresses.

Sample:

Top of Form



Each To or Cc ▼	in ▼	*@mycompany.com,*@mydept.mycc
-----------------	------	-------------------------------

Bottom of Form

This condition will be met for messages where all To and CC addresses are addresses in the mycompany.com domain or addresses in the mydept.mycompany.com domain.

Return-Path [is | is not | in | not in] *string*

This condition compares the message "Return-Path" (a.k.a. MAIL FROM) envelope address with the specified string.

'From' Name [is | is not | in | not in] *string*

The same as above, but the instead of the address, the "address comment" (the real name) included in the From address is checked.

Sample:

Top of Form



'From Name' ▼	is ▼	*J. Smith*
---------------	------	------------

Bottom of Form

This condition will be met for messages with the following From: addresses:


From: jsmith@company.com (John J. Smith)
From: "Bill J. Smith" b.smith@othercompany.com
From: Susan J. Smith <susan@thirdcompany.com>

Subject [is | is not | in | not in] *string*

This condition checks if the message subject is (or is not) equal to the specified string.

Sample:

Top of Form



A screenshot of a form with three dropdown menus. The first dropdown is set to 'Subject', the second to 'is', and the text input field contains '*rgent*'. The form has a light gray background and a thin border.

Bottom of Form

This condition will be met for messages with the following Subject fields:

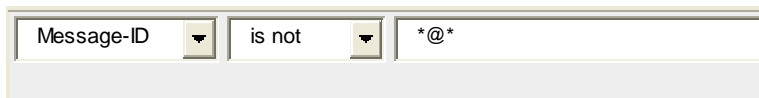
Subject: we urgently need your assistance
Subject: Urgent!

Message-ID [is | is not | in | not in] *string*

This condition checks if the message ID is (or is not) equal to the specified string.

Sample:

Top of Form



A screenshot of a form with three dropdown menus. The first dropdown is set to 'Message-ID', the second to 'is not', and the text input field contains '*@*'. The form has a light gray background and a thin border.

Bottom of Form

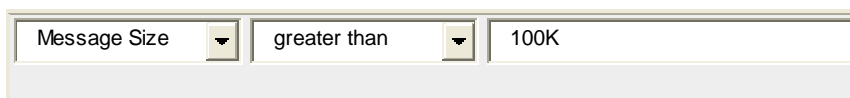
This condition will be met for all messages without the Message-ID flag and for messages that have Message-ID without the @ symbol.

Message Size [is | is not | less than | greater than] *number*

This condition checks if the message size is less than (or greater than) the specified number of bytes.

Sample:

Top of Form



A screenshot of a form with three dropdown menus. The first dropdown is set to 'Message Size', the second to 'greater than', and the text input field contains '100K'. The form has a light gray background and a thin border.

Bottom of Form

This condition will be met for messages larger than 100 kilobytes.

Human Generated

This condition checks if the message is not generated by some automatic message generating software.

Note: this condition has no parameters, so the operation code and the parameter value (if any) are ignored.

It actually checks that the message header does not contain any of the following fields:

```
Precedence: bulk
Precedence: junk
Precedence: list
X-List*
X-Mirror*
X-Auto*
X-Mailing-List
```

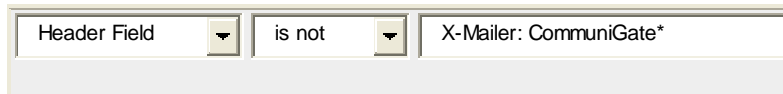
This condition also checks that the message has a non-empty Return-Path.

Header Field [is | is not | in | not in] *string*

This condition checks if the message RFC822 header contains (or does not contain) the specified header field. The fields added using the Add Header operation (see below) are checked, too.

Sample:

Top of Form



The image shows a graphical user interface for configuring a condition. It consists of three adjacent input fields. The first field is a dropdown menu with 'Header Field' selected. The second field is a dropdown menu with 'is not' selected. The third field is a text input containing 'X-Mailer: CommuniGate*'. The entire form is enclosed in a light gray border.

Bottom of Form

Any Recipient [is | is not | in | not in] *string*

This condition compares message "Envelope" addresses and the specified *string*. If this condition is used in an Account-Level Rule, only the addresses routed to that account are checked.

The addresses are processed in the form they had *before* the Router Table and other routing methods have modified them. If an account has several aliases, this condition allows you to check if a message was sent to a specific account alias.

Messages can be submitted to the server using the ESMTP ORCPT parameter. This parameter specifies how the address was composed on the sending server, before the relaying/forwarding server has

converted it to a different address. In this (rare) case, that server can use the ESMTP ORCPT parameter to specify the original address.

Sample:

a message was composed somewhere and sent to the address user1@domain1.com;

the domain1.com server received the message and converted that envelope address to user2@domain2.com (mail forwarding);

the domain1.com server relayed the message to your CommuniGate Pro server domain2.com;

the domain2.com CommuniGate Pro server received a message;

the domain2.com CommuniGate Pro server found that the user2 is an alias of the user3 account, and the server routed the message to that user3 account.

If the domain1.com server is an advanced server and informed the domain2.com CommuniGate Pro server that the original address was user1@domain1.com, the string <user1@domain1.com> is used when the Recipient condition is checked.

If the domain1.com server has not informed your server about the original address, the <user2@domain2.com> string is used when the Recipient condition is checked.

The condition is met if it is met for at least one envelope address.

Each Recipient [is | is not | in | not in] *string*

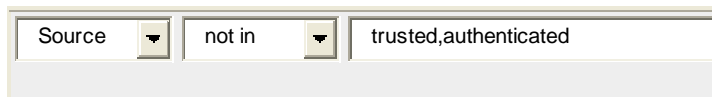
The same as above, but the condition is met only if it is met for all message envelope addresses (if used in an Account-Level Rule - for all message addresses routed to that account).

Source [is | is not | in | not in] *string*

This condition checks if the message was received from a "trusted" source (via SMTP from a computer with the network address listed in the Client IP Addresses list), or from an "authenticated" source (via SMTP, WebUser, MAPI, POP XMIT, Rules - when the originator of the message has been authenticated).

Sample:

Top of Form



The image shows a screenshot of a configuration form. It consists of three main components in a row: a dropdown menu with 'Source' selected, a second dropdown menu with 'not in' selected, and a text input field containing the text 'trusted,authenticated'. The entire form is enclosed in a light gray border.

Bottom of Form

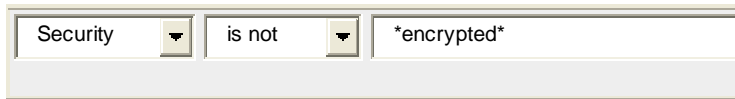
Security [is | is not | in | not in] *string*

This condition checks if the message is an encrypted or a signed one. It compares the following string with the condition operand:

<code>SMIME:encrypted</code>	if the message is encrypted using the S/MIME standard
<code>SMIME:signed</code>	if the message is digitally signed using the binary S/MIME standard (PKCS7)
<code>signed</code>	if the message is digitally signed
	(<i>empty string</i>) in all other cases

Sample:

Top of Form



The screenshot shows a graphical user interface for configuring a rule. It consists of three adjacent dropdown menus. The first dropdown menu is set to 'Security', the second to 'is not', and the third to '*encrypted*'. Below these dropdowns is a wide, empty text input field.

Bottom of Form

The following conditions can be used in Server-Wide Rules only:

Any Route [`is` | `is not` | `in` | `not in`] *string*

This condition checks a message "Envelope Recipient" address - the address actually telling the Server where to transfer the message to. The condition compares the routing information string for a recipient address and the specified *string*.

The condition is met if it is met for at least one envelope recipient address.

The message address routing information is presented in the following format:

module (queue) address

where *module* is the name of the module the address is routed to, *queue* is the name of the module queue the address is routed to, and *address* is the address in that queue.

For example, the envelope recipient `user@domain` address can be routed to:

`SMTP (domain) user@domain` if `domain` is a remote domain

`LOCAL (user)` if `domain` is the Main Domain

`LOCAL (user@domain)` if `domain` is a secondary CommuniGate Pro Domain

If you plan to use this type of Rule condition, use the Test button on the WebAdmin Interface Router page to see how various addresses are routed.

Each Route [is | is not | in | not in] *string*

The same as above, but the condition is met only if it is met for all message envelope addresses.

Rule Actions

Each Rule can have zero, one, or several actions. If a message meets all the Rule conditions, the Rule actions are performed.

You can use all universal actions described in the Generic Rules section. This section describes the additional Rule actions you can use in E-mail (Queue) Rules.

Stop Processing

This action should be the last one in a Rule. Execution of this Rule stops and no other (lower-priority) Rules are checked for that message. The message is stored in the INBOX.

Discard

This action should be the last one in a Rule. Execution of this Rule stops and no other (lower-priority) Rules are checked for that message.

The message is not stored in the INBOX, but a positive Delivery Notification message is sent back to the message sender (if requested).

Sample:

```
IF From is *that_annoying_guy*  
THEN  
Discard
```

Reject With [*error message text*]

See the Rules section.

If the action parameter text is not empty, it is used as the error message text.

You can still store the rejected message using the Store action before the Reject action.

Sample:

```
IF Subject is *UCE*  
THEN  
Reject please do not send such messages here
```

Mark *flagName* [, *flagName...*]

This action sets or resets the specified message flag(s).

Initially the set of message flags contains:

the **Media** flag - if the message contains a voicemail or videomail (if the message has the `audio/*`, `video/*`, or `multipart/voice-message` Content-Type).

the **Hidden** flag - if the message header contains the `Sensitivity` field with the `private` value.

Flag Names can be used to add flags to the set, while Flag Negative Names can be used to remove flags from the set.

When the message is stored in a Mailbox as a result of the `Store in` action, as well as when the message is stored in the INBOX after all Rules are applied, the message is stored with the specified flag set.

Sample:

```
IF Sender is *list*
THEN
Mark Flagged,Read
```

Add Header *header fields*

This action adds RFC822 header fields to the message. Initially, the set of additional message header field contains the Return-Path field generated using the return-path in the message envelope.

When a message is stored, sent, copied, or sent to an external program, the additional header fields are added to the message.

Sample:

```
IF Subject is *purchase*order*
THEN
Add Header X-Special-Processing: order
```

The Add Header action can be used to add an X-Color field. This field is detected by the WebUser Interface and is used to highlight a message in the Mailbox:

Sample:

```
IF Header Field is X-Spam: *
THEN
Add Header X-Color: red
```

Tag Subject *tag*

This action specifies a string to be added to the Subject header field. When a message is stored, sent, copied, or sent to an external program, the specified subject tags are inserted into the beginning of the Subject header field.

Sample:

```
IF From is ceo@mycompany.dom
THEN
Tag Subject [CEO]
```

If several Tag Subject actions have been used with one message, the latest tag is added first, followed with the other tags, followed with the original message Subject.

Note: the following actions are not implicit "Discard" actions, and they do not prevent the original message from being stored in the INBOX. If you want, for example, to redirect a message without keeping a copy in your INBOX, specify the Redirect action followed with the Discard action.

Store in mailboxName

The message is copied to the specified Mailbox in your Account.

Sample:

```
IF From is developer@partner.com
THEN
Store in DeveloperBox
Discard
```

If the mailbox name starts with the [MUSTEXIST] prefix, the prefix is removed, and the Rule processing fails if the mailbox does not exist. Otherwise, if the mailbox does not exist, an attempt to create it is made.

If the mailbox name starts with the [IFEXISTS] prefix, the prefix is removed, and the action completes immediately if the mailbox does not exist.

If the mailbox name is specified as *~accountName/mailboxName*, or as *~accountName@domainName/mailboxName* the message is stored in the *mailboxName* Mailbox in the *accountName* Account in the same Domain or in the *accountName@domainName* Account.

When this action is used in a Server-wide or Cluster-wide Rule, the mailbox name must be specified in this form, as there is no default Account for those Rules.

You should have the Insert access right to that Mailbox.

Sample:

```
IF Subject is *Make*$*  
THEN  
Store in ~postmaster/abuse  
Discard
```

If the specified Mailbox cannot be opened or the message cannot be stored in that Mailbox, the Rules processing stops (as if the Stop Processing action was used).

Redirect to addresses

The message is redirected to one or several specified E-mail addresses. If several addresses are specified, they should be separated with the comma (,) symbol.

The specified addresses replace the message To/Cc header fields, unless these specified addresses are prefixed with the [bcc] string;

The "new sender" address is constructed as the E-mail address of the current Account, or to the MAILER-DAEMON address if the action is used in a Server-wide or a Cluster-wide Rule.

The redirected message Return-path address is set to the "new sender" address, or to the empty address if the Return-path address of the original message was empty.

The redirected message Sender address is set to the "new sender" address.

A Return-Path header field (if any) is changed to the X-Original-Return-Path field.

Return-Receipt-To and the Errors-To fields are removed.

Message-ID, Date, and Sender fields (if any) are renamed into X-Original-Message-ID, X-Original-Date, and X-Original-Sender.

New Date and Message-ID fields are created.

Forward to addresses

The message is forwarded to the specified addresses. Same as the Redirect operation, but the "new sender" address is not stored as the Sender field. Instead it is used to compose a new From field.

The old From field is renamed into X-Original-From field.

Mirror to addresses

The message is mirrored (redirected) to the specified addresses (with minimal header changes).

The redirected message Return-Path is preserved.

A Resent-From header field is added. It contains the E-mail address of the current Account (without its Real Name), or the MAILER-DAEMON address if the action is used in a Server-wide or a Cluster-wide Rule.

A Return-Path header field (if any) is changed to the X-Original-Return-Path field.
Return-Receipt-To and the Errors-To fields are removed.

Reply with *message text*

The specified text is used to compose a reply message. The reply is sent to the address specified in the Reply-To address of the original message. If the Reply-To header is absent, the reply is sent to the From address of the original message.

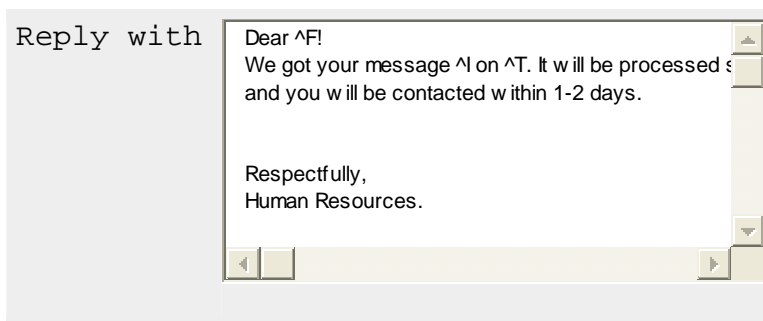
The header fields *Subject: Re: original message subject* and *In-Reply-To: original message-ID* are added to the reply message.

The specified message text can contain macro symbols that are substituted with actual data when a reply message is composed:

- ^S is substituted with the Subject of the original message (in its original form)
- ^s is substituted with the Subject of the original message (in the MIME-decoded form)
- ^F is substituted with the From address of the original message (in its original form)
- ^f is substituted with the From address of the original message (in the MIME-decoded form)
- ^T is substituted with the Date field of the original message
- ^I is substituted with the Message-ID field of the original message
- ^R is substituted with the To field of the original message (in the MIME-decoded form)
- ^r is substituted with the E-mail address of the current Account.

Sample:

Top of Form



Bottom of Form

If the specified text starts with the plus (+) symbol, the lines following this symbol are added to the message header. The text should specify the Subject field, since the system will not automatically add the *Subject: Re: original subject* and *In-Reply-To: original message-ID* fields into the reply message.

The specified header portion can contain additional To, Cc, and Bcc fields and the reply message will be sent to those addresses (the Bcc fields will be removed from the message header).

Unless the specified header contains the `From` field, the `From` field is composed using the `From Address` from the `Account WebUser Settings`. If that address is not set the `From Address` is composed using the full `Account Name` and the `Account Real Name` setting.

If the full `Account name` is not stored as the `From` field, it is stored as the `Sender` field.

The `^S` and other macro symbols can be used in the additional header fields, too.

An empty line should separate the message body from the additional header fields:

Top of Form



Bottom of Form

If the specified text starts with the `[charsetName]` string, the text is converted to the specified charset (all non-ASCII texts are stored in the UTF-8 charset), otherwise it is converted into the charset used in the incoming message. If the incoming message did not have a charset specified, and the Rule is an Account-Level one, the Preferred Charset specified in the `Account WebUser Preferences` is used.

If the text starts with the plus symbol, the plus symbol must be specified after the `[charsetName]` string.

Unless the specified header contains the `MIME-Version` and `Content-Type` fields, these fields are added to the composed message.

Reply to All with *message text*

The same as above, but the reply is sent to all addresses listed in the `To` and `Cc` fields of the original message.

React with *message text*

The specified message text should contain a header, an empty line, and the message body. The header should contain any number of `To`, `Cc`, and `Bcc` fields, the `Subject` field, as well as any number of additional fields.

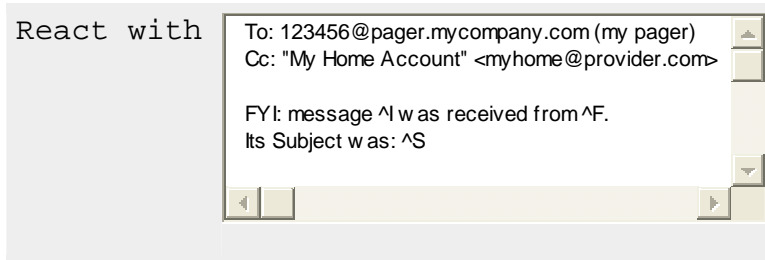
The composed message is sent to the specified addresses.

The specified message header and the message body can contain macro symbols listed above.

The From, Sender, MIME-Version, and Content-Type fields are composed in the same way as for the Reply With operation.

Sample:

Top of Form



React with

To: 123456@pager.mycompany.com (my pager)
Cc: "My Home Account" <myhome@provider.com>

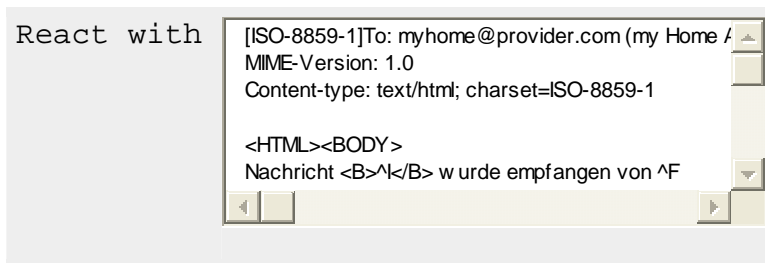
FYI: message ^I w as received from ^F.
Its Subject w as: ^S

Bottom of Form

The message text can start with the [*charsetName*] string (see above).

Sample:

Top of Form



React with

[ISO-8859-1]To: myhome@provider.com (my Home A
MIME-Version: 1.0
Content-type: text/html; charset=ISO-8859-1

<HTML><BODY>
Nachricht ^I w urde empfangen von ^F

Bottom of Form

Store Encrypted in *mailbox name*

This action works in the same way as the Store in action, but a message is converted into S/MIME encrypted form before being stored.

Copy Attachments into *file directory name*

This action copies the message attachments to the specified File Storage directory.

Attachments are detected as parts of the topmost *multipart/mixed* or *multipart/related* MIME structure.

If the directory name has the [*replace*] prefix, an existing file with the same name is replaced, otherwise an error is generated if the file already exists.

If the directory name is empty, then files are stored to the topmost level of the Account File Storage.

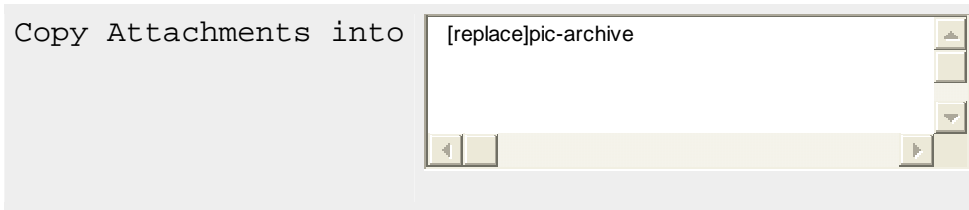
If the directory name ends with the star (*) symbol, the symbol is replaced with a unique string, the file

extension from the attachment name (if any) is added and the resulting name is used as the File Storage file name for the attachment.

Sample:

Top of Form

Copy Attachments into [replace]pic-archive

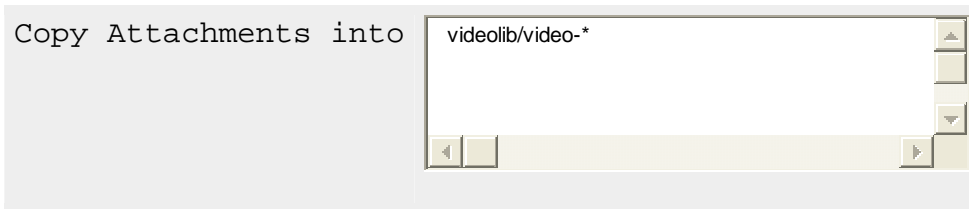
A screenshot of a web form element. On the left, the text "Copy Attachments into" is displayed in a light gray box. To the right is a text input field containing the text "[replace]pic-archive". The input field has a light beige background and a thin border. On the right side of the input field, there are three small, light-colored buttons: a square button with an upward-pointing arrow, a square button with a downward-pointing arrow, and a square button with a rightward-pointing arrow. Below the input field, there is a horizontal scroll bar with a light beige track and a small, light-colored slider.

Bottom of Form

Sample:

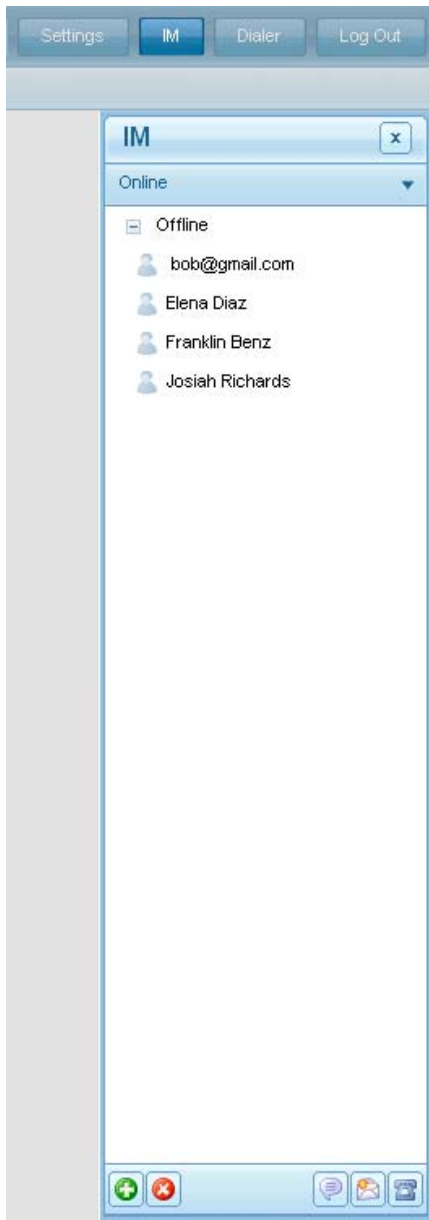
Top of Form

Copy Attachments into videolib/video-*

A screenshot of a web form element. On the left, the text "Copy Attachments into" is displayed in a light gray box. To the right is a text input field containing the text "videolib/video-*". The input field has a light beige background and a thin border. On the right side of the input field, there are three small, light-colored buttons: a square button with an upward-pointing arrow, a square button with a downward-pointing arrow, and a square button with a rightward-pointing arrow. Below the input field, there is a horizontal scroll bar with a light beige track and a small, light-colored slider.

Bottom of Form

3.2. IM Panel



One unique feature found in Pronto! is the ability to have an instant messaging conversation with your contacts. CommuniGate Pro supports SIP/SIMPLE and XMPP (also known as Jabber, e.g. Google Talk) – so you can IM with all contacts that either have a SIP/SIMPLE or a XMPP account. To briefly chat with a colleague or friend, or to have a conversation in real time, you can have an Instant Messaging session instead of sending e-mail back and forth. You can access or hide the instant messaging feature by clicking on the IM button on the top right hand side of your account. Once opened, the instant messaging window will appear along the right hand side of your account, and will thus resize the “main window.” Within the instant messaging window, you will find the following options:

The [X] Button: To hide the instant messaging window, click on the “X button” on the top right hand side of the instant messaging window.

Changing Status Menu: Pronto! allows you to change your presence to reflect what you are doing in the real world. To change the current status by select any option from the “change status” pull-down menu (found directly under The [X] Button).

Contacts List: Spanning a majority of the vertical length of the instant messaging window is the contacts list. Once a contact has been added, he or she will show up in this list. You can then check the contacts list to see if your friend is online, and what status they are displaying. Double clicking on a contacts name will open the “send IM” window.

Create Button: To add a new contact, click on the “create button” (the little green button with the white cross, located on the lower left hand side of the Instant Messaging window) A few fields need to be modified to add a new contact:

The contact will be identified by their e-mail address, so the e-mail address must be entered precisely.

To specify in which group your new contact be categorized, manually type in the name of the group, or select the pre-existing group from the “group” pull-down menu.

To specify what name the contact will appear as in the buddy list, enter the chosen username for the contact in the name field.

Delete Button: Clicking on the “delete button” while highlighting at least one name from the contacts list will remove the respective contact from the contact list.

Send IM Button: Clicking on the “send IM button” while highlighting a name from the contacts list will open the “send IM window” and allow you to chat with the specified contact.

The “IM Conversation window”: This is the window used to send and receive instant messages. To minimize the current conversation window by clicking on the shrink button found in the upper right hand corner within the “IM conversation window.” Notice once the window has been minimized, the conversation will remain open, but will appear as a small minimized window containing the contacts name at the very bottom of the Pronto! interface. This minimized window will flash to alert you as incoming messages are received. To re-open the conversation click on this minimized window. To close the “IM conversation window” either click on the close button, or the [X] button. There are a couple of buttons and fields that appear within the “IM conversation window”:

The input box is the smaller field that appears below the conversation box. This is where you will place the content to send to the contact. Once the content has been entered, either clicking the [Enter key] or clicking the send button will distribute the message to the contact. To start a new line without sending the message, hold the control button while pressing the enter button.

The conversation box is the large field that appears within the “IM conversation window.” This is where the conversation unfolds. Inputted content will appear in the conversation box under your username

name. The content your friend inputs will appear in the conversation box under their username. All messages are time-stamped to be easily searched through until you log out of Pronto!. To clean up the conversation area, select “clear” by right clicking on the conversation box.

The Alert action appears between these two windows when the contact begins to respond to the message.

Once the conversation has expanded past a couple of messages use the scrolling buttons that will appear on the right hand side of the “send IM window” to view past comments.

To copy and paste parts of the conversation, highlight the desired text and copy it to the clipboard to paste at a later point.

To change the relative heights of the input and conversation boxes, drag the splitter between the two boxes to increase or decrease the box sizes.

If auto-saving has been enabled, the history line will be present below the input box. If the auto-saving has been disabled, two buttons appear, “save” and “save as.” These buttons allow you to save and change the subject and content of the message being saved.

Compose Button: Clicking on the “compose button” while highlighting a name from the contacts list will open a new e-mail message directed to the specified contact. **Call Button:** Clicking on the “call button” while highlighting a name from the contacts list opens the dialer, and initiates a phone call with the respective party.

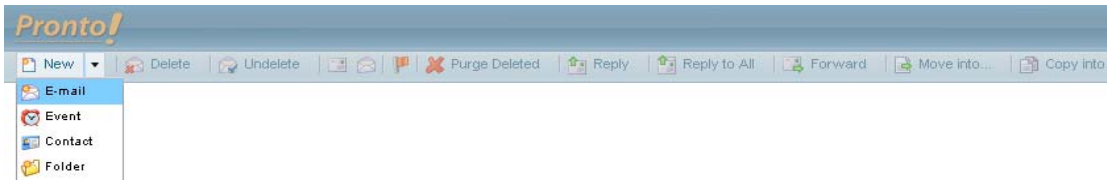
Right Clicking a contact in the contacts list: Right clicking a contact in the contacts list will open a menu and provide the option to: send an instant message, edit the contact and remove the contact. The edit button allows for the editing of the real named and group your contact is stored in. These functions work as outlined above.

3.4. Log Out Button



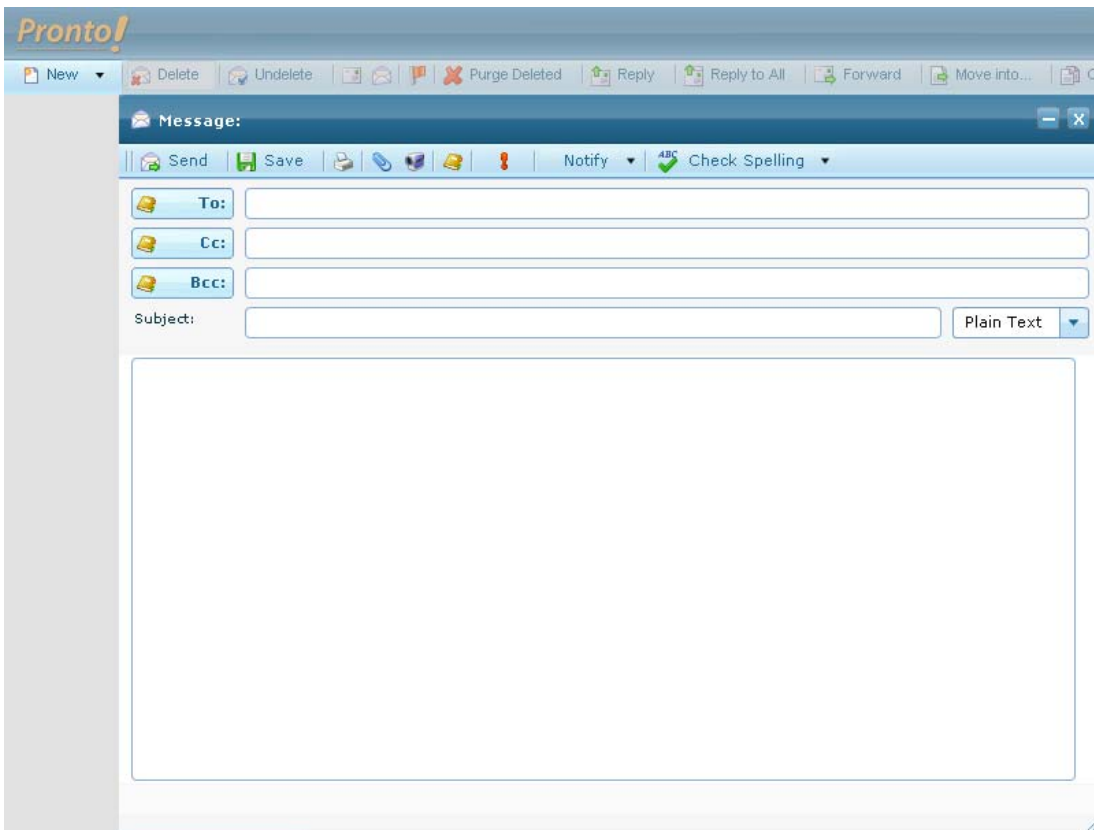
This button is located in the upper right hand side of your account in the main Pronto! interface. Once you are ready to log out of the Pronto! interface, click on the “Log Out” button to end the session. You will automatically be re-directed to the Pronto! login page.

4. The “New” Button



To compose a new e-mail, create a new event, add a new contact, or create a new folder in the e-mail archive, click on the “new” button, found in the upper left hand side of the main Pronto! interface and select the appropriate option. A new window will open in front of the “main window” where you can manage the desired content.

4.1. E-mail Composition (New E-mail)



The core function of Pronto! is the ability to send and receive electronic communications. If you want to have a “paper record” or a running log of the conversations with contacts, choose to contact them via e-

mail instead of instant messaging or the phone. E-mail can be checked at any time, at any place as long as the appropriate connection exists, along with the security measures found in

Pronto!, there is no need to carry around a large portfolio of documents; you can store and retrieve them electronically online. To open the e-mail composition window click on the “new” button once and select e-mail from the list of available options. To close the e-mail composition window, click on the [X] button, found in the upper right hand side of the composition window. When composing a new e-mail you will find the following options:

Content Field: This is the large window/field found in the e-mail composer where the e-mail content can be input. The e-mail message will be composed exactly as you type it and will be reflected in this window.

Addressing your Mail: To successfully send an e-mail, the recipients e-mail address or applicable contact information needs to appear in the subject line so the recipient can easily identify your mail:

TO field: This is where you input the main contact to send the e-mail message to. You can choose to send an e-mail message to multiple contacts in the TO: field by entering the addressees’ contact information and separating their addresses with a comma (,). If you were to click on the “TO” button the address book will open and you can then select the recipients to send the mail to directly from the address book.

Auto-complete function: By default, when you start typing the contact’s e-mail address, Pronto! will automatically search and present all contacts whose names start with the letters you have entered into the “to field” and deliver them via a pull-down menu next to the “to field.”

CC field: If you would like to copy someone on the outgoing e-mails, you can input the contact information for the person to be copied on in the CC: field. To copy multiple contacts on the outbound message in the CC: field by enter the addressees’ contact information and separating their addresses with a comma (,). If you were click on the “CC” button, the address book will open and you can then select the recipients to copy on the mail directly from the address book.

BCC field: To copy someone on one of your outgoing e-mails but not let any of the other recipients know this person will also be receiving a copy of the mail as well, input the contact information for the person to be copied on the outgoing e-mails in the BCC: field. You can choose to copy multiple contacts in the outbound message in the BCC: field by entering the addressees’ contact information and separating their addresses with a comma (,). If you click on the “To” button, the address book will open and then you can select the recipients to blindly copy the on mail directly from the address book.

Subject field: Each e-mail should be appropriately entitled as to give the recipient a good idea of what the body of the message will say. After choosing a subject line that gives a good overview of the content found within the body of the e-mail, enter the way you would like the subject of the message to appear in this field. The first impression the recipient will

get of the sent e-mail will be based on the subject line they see in their e-mail inbox.

Formatting Text Menu: To choose how you want the body of an e-mail message formatted, select the appropriate option from this pull-down menu. The format type will apply to the entire message created. By default or by selecting the “Plain text” format the body of the message will appear exactly as you see without any advanced formatting options. By selecting the “HTML” format, you will have access to a wide variety of html options such as:

Font Type menu: choose the type of font to compose the body of the message from this pull down menu.

Font Size menu: change the size of the font to compose the body of the message with in this menu.

Click on the [i] to italicize, [u] to underline, or [b] to make the text bold.

Click on the “left” “center” “right” or “spacing” alignment button to align the content of the e-mail accordingly.

Click on the “bullet points” button to apply bullet points to the text.

Send Button: When clicked on, this appropriately entitled button will send whatever content you have provided in the “content window” of the e-mail composer to the addresses provided in the TO: CC: and BCC: fields.

Save Button: If you are in the middle of composing an e-mail and have to abruptly log off or if you want to save a draft of a composed e-mail, click on the “save” button to save a copy of the mail composed thus far into the “drafts” folder found under the e-mail Side-Bar. This mail can later be retrieved, edited and sent at your leisure.

Print Button: Clicking on the button shaped like a printer will process the message composed thus far, open a new window in front of the e-mail composer displaying the way the message will be printed and then open your browsers standard printing options dialog window. You can then choose to print the message as you normally would print any web-based content.

Attachments Button: Clicking on the button shaped like a paperclip will open your browsers attachment-searching dialog window. This will open the “attachments” window. To attach a file, you need to find the locally store the file then follow the file path. Once the file has been located, attach (open) the file as you normally would open any file in the browser. This file will appear as an attachment to your composed e-mail.

Add Video Mail Button: To create a video message to send with your e-mail, click on the button shaped like a camera. To create a video mail, you are required to have a webcam and microphone connected properly to your computer. A warning will pop up requesting to access the webcam and microphone. To create the video mail, you must allow Pronto! to access these devices. If the webcam and microphone

have been configured correctly, the live streaming image the webcam is capturing will appear directly above the body of the e-mail you are composing. When adding a video mail to the message, the following options will be available:

To begin recording, click on the “camera” button that appears in the “add video mail options window” to the right of the streaming image. Once this button has been clicked, the video will begin recording. To stop recording the video, click on the “camera” button a second time.

To play back the captured video, click on the “play” button that appears directly below the “camera” button to the right of the streaming image in the “add video mail options window”.

To delete the captured video, click on the [X] button that appears at the bottom the left hand side of the streaming image in the “add video mail options window”.

To add the created video to a e-mail message, click on the check box that appears next to the [X] button at the bottom the left hand side of the streaming image in the “add video mail options window”.

E-mail Address book (contact button): You can address a new e-mail message to a previously saved contact by clicking on the button shaped like a book. This will open the “address book” and allow access to the contacts’ name and information. To close the “address book” and continue to compose your e-mail, click the [X] button found in the upper right hand side of the “address book” window. To add a new or edit an existing contact, you can do so under the “contacts” tab in the side-bar. There are various options found in the e-mail “address book” including:

List of contacts window: This is the large window that will appear within the “address book.” The contact’s information will be displayed. You can choose to sort through your contacts in ascending and descending order by name or by e-mail address.

Folder menu: If you have stored your contacts in multiple folders and sub-folders, you can choose which folder to search through from this pull-down menu. The contacts found within that folder will appear in the “list of contacts” found within the “address book” window.

Search field: If you know the contacts name, or first few letters of their name or e-mail, enter the information into the “search” field. Once the contacts information has been entered, click on the magnifying glass to the right of the “search” field to initiate a search for the contact in the specified folder. To clear the “search” field, click on the clear button. Once Pronto! returns with a positive search result, contacts who meet the criteria will appear highlighted in the “list of contacts” window.

TO: field: The field appearing next to the “TO:” button is where you can manually input the recipients’ e-mail addresses for the message to be distributed to.

TO: button: Another way to add a contact to the “TO:” field in the current e-mail composition is by clicking on the “TO:” button. Once you have found the contact(s) in the “list of contacts” window, highlight the contact(s) and click on the “TO:” button. The contacts will appear in the “TO:” field of the current e-mail composition. You can also add a contact to this field by double clicking the specified contact from the “address book” while you are currently operating in the “TO:” field. The “address book” will close, and the contacts e-mail address will appear in the “TO:” field.

CC: field: The field appearing next to the “CC:” button is where the recipients’ e-mail address can be manually input for your message to be copied. This field will appear only when searching through contacts to distribute e-mail messages.

CC: button: To add a contact to the “CC:” field in the current e-mail composition, once you have found the contact(s) in the “list of contacts” window, highlight the contact(s) and click on the “CC:” button. Your contacts will appear in the “CC:” field of the current e-mail composition. This button will appear only when searching through contacts to distribute e-mail messages to. You can also add a contact to this field by double clicking the specified contact from the “address book” while you are currently operating in the “CC:” field. The “address book” will close, and the contacts e-mail will appear in the “CC:” field.

BCC: field: The field appearing next to the “BCC:” button is where you can manually input the recipients’ e-mail addresses for the message to be blindly copied. This field will appear only when searching through contacts to distribute e-mail messages.

BCC: button: To add a contact to the “BCC:” field in the current e-mail composition, once you have found the contact(s) in the “list of contacts” window, highlight the contact(s) and click on the “BCC:” button. The contacts will appear in the “BCC:” field of the current e-mail composition. This button will appear only when searching through contacts to distribute e-mail messages to. You can also add a contact to this field by double clicking the specified contact from the “address book” while you are currently operating in the “BCC:” field. The “address book” will close and the contact’s e-mail will appear in the “BCC:” field.

Contacts with multiple addresses: If a contact has multiple addresses or phone numbers listed, the appropriate identification can be selected using the drop-down menu before adding the contact to your message.

Close button: To close the “address book” click on the “close” button found at the bottom right hand side of the “address book.” Any modifications made to the TO: CC: and BCC: fields in the “address book” window will be applied to the current e-mail composition.

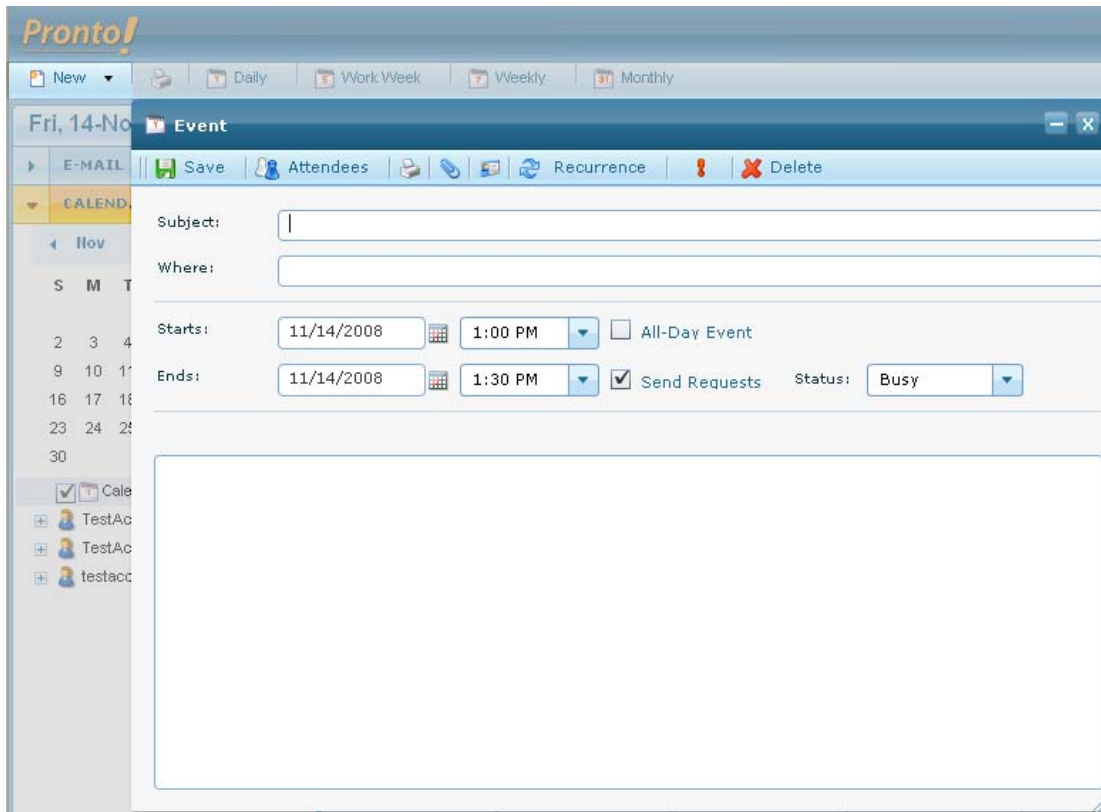
Cancel button: If you have opened the “address book” by mistake click on the “cancel” button found at the bottom right hand side of the “address book.”

Priority Level Button: You can change the priority level of your outbound e-mail messages by clicking on the exclamation point shaped button. This will change the “priority level” of the message. When the recipient receives the message, they will notice that the priority level of the message has been set to high, indicating this message is of greater importance. To return the priority level of the message to normal, click on the “priority level” button again.

Notifications Menu: You can request a notification message be sent to your e-mail inbox that an outgoing e-mail has been either delivered to or opened by the recipient. You can utilize these messages for proof of e-mail delivery or to be alerted to the exact moment when the recipient first opens the mail.

Spell Check Menu: Included in Pronto! is a spell-checker that can be used in correlation with the e-mail composer. Once the body of the message has been entered into the “content” window, the spelling of the content of the message can be checked in multiple languages by selecting the appropriate language from the “Spell Check” menu. Once you have selected the language, Pronto! will initiate the “spell check” function. If Pronto! finds a spelling error, the affected word will be highlighted red to alert you that this word might be misspelled. At this point, you can manually correct the misspelling, or you can find a list of the most relevant suggestions by right clicking the highlighted word, and choosing the correct spelling from your server’s spell checker. If you select a word from the Server database, the selected spelling will replace the misspelled word in the “content” window.

4.2. Creating an Event (New Event)



Another key aspect of Pronto! is the ability to create and maintain a running calendar of events, appointments or meetings. To quickly schedule an event, click on the “new” button once and select “event” from the list of available options. This will open the “events” window and the “events” window will appear at the forefront of your account. To close the “events” window click on the [X] button found in the upper right hand side of the “events” window. When creating a new event the event will automatically be created in the main calendar, unless you specify another calendar for the event to be created in. To select a calendar folder, go to the Calendar, and select a folder on from the menu. When creating a new event you will find the following options:

Subject Field: You should appropriately entitle the event so that when the invitation is distributed to your guests, they will understand exactly what subject will be discussed during the event.

Where Field: This is where you can enter the location of the event. Whether it takes place in person, over the phone, or online, you can pick an appropriate space to hold the event and this will be reflected in the invitation when it is distributed.

Date Starts Field: You can choose the start date for the event by either clicking on the date or calendar button to the right of the “starts” field. This will bring up a menu allowing you to choose the month and day you would like the event to start.

In this menu, you can scroll through the months, and even years to plan a starting time for an event far off in the future.

Time Starts Menu: You can choose the starting time of the event by clicking on the pull-down menu found to the right of the “Date starts field.” This will pull up available starting times for the event. You can then pick the starting time by clicking on the exact time the event will start.

Date Ends Field: You can choose the ending date for the event by either clicking on the date or calendar button to the right of the “ends” field. This will bring up a menu allowing you to choose the month and day the event will end. In this menu, you can scroll through the months and years to select an ending time for an event far off in the future.

Time Ends Menu: The ending time of the event can be chosen by clicking on the pull-down menu found to the right of the “Date Ends field.” This will pull up available finishing times for the event. You can then pick the ending time by clicking on the exact time the event should end.

Content Window: In this window, you can enter the information that will be discussed at the event. All invited attendees will have access to this content.

Attendees Button: Clicking on the “attendees” button will add two additional buttons and fields to the “event” window, the “TO:” button and field and the “Optional:” button and field. Clicking on the “attendees” button again will hide the two additional buttons and fields:

TO: field: The field appearing next to the “TO:” button is where you can manually input the required attendees’ e-mail addresses for the event to be distributed.

TO: button: Clicking on the “TO:” button will open the address book, allowing you to search for, add contacts and proceed as outlined in the section entitled “address book” under the topic of e-mail composition. After you have selected the appropriate contacts, they will appear in the “TO:” field.

Optional: field: The field appearing next to the “Optional:” button is where you can manually input the optional attendees’ e-mail addresses for the event to be distributed. This field will appear only when searching through contacts to invite to the event.

Optional: button: Clicking on the “Optional:” button will open the address book, allowing you to search for, add contacts and proceed as outlined in the section entitled “address book” under the topic of e-mail composition. After you have selected the appropriate contacts, they appear in the “Optional:” field. This button will appear only when searching through contacts to invite to the event.

Show availability button: This button opens the free-busy display dialog which allows you to select an appropriate time-frame for your meeting based on availability information created by the attendees.

Save Button: After you have entered the subject of the event, select the location for the event, the appropriate start/end dates and times, which attendees to invite, and any other applicable option,

clicking on the “save” button will save the event with the entered specifications. The newly created event will appear in the calendar.

Print Button: Clicking on the button shaped like a printer will process the event you have created or opened and open the event in a new window and display the way the event will be printed. Your event can then be printed using open your browsers standard printing options dialog window. Then you can print the event as you would normally print any web-based content.

Attachments Button: Clicking on the button shaped like a paperclip will open your browsers attachment-searching dialog window. To attach a file locate where you have locally stored your files are and then follow the path leading to that file. Attach the selected file as you would normally open any file in your browser. The file will appear as an attachment to the newly created event.

Contacts Button: Clicking on the contacts button while creating an event will open the address book, allowing you to search for and add contacts to the event. Then proceed as outlined earlier under the section entitled “attendees” button by adding or removing contacts from the “TO:” and “Optional:” fields.

Recurrence Button: You can change the frequency of which the event occurs by clicking on the “recurrence” button. Without clicking on this button the created event will be a one-time occurrence. When clicking on the “recurrence” button the “recurrence” window will appear at the forefront of your account. To close the “recurrence” window click on the [X] button found in the upper right hand side of the “recurrence” window. In the “recurrence” window, you will find the following options:

Daily Selection Button: You can choose to have the event to re-occur daily by selecting this option. You can choose to have the event occur daily, every (x) number of days by entering the (x) number into the “days” field. The event will then occur every (x) number of days.

Weekly Selection Button: If you want the event to re-occur weekly, select this option. You can choose to have the event occur weekly, every (x) number of weeks by entering the (x) number into the “weeks” field. Depending on which day the event is scheduled, you can ensure that it falls and will reoccur on a specific day by selecting the appropriate day. The event will occur every (x) number of days on a specific day.

Monthly Selection Button: For the event to re-occur monthly, select this option. You can choose to have the event occur monthly every (x) number of months and on the (y) day of each month by entering the (x) number into the Monthly Selection field, and the (y) number into the “on days” field. The event will occur every (x) number of months, on every (y) day.

⑩ **Monthly by Weekday Selection:** If you want the event to re-occur monthly on specific weekdays, select this option. You can choose to have the event occur monthly every (x) number of months by entering the (x) number into the Monthly Selection field. From the “month(s) on:” pull-down menu, you can schedule the event to take place during a specific week within the month. To make sure the event will reoccur on a specific day, select the appropriate day. The event will occur every (x) number of months during the week you selected on the day you selected.

Yearly Selection: For the event to re-occur yearly select this option. You can choose to have the event occur yearly, every (x) number of years and on the (y) day of each year by entering the (x) number into the “yearly” Selection field, the (y) number into the “on” field and choosing what month you would like the event to occur within. The event will occur every (x) number of years every (y) day during the month you selected.

Yearly by Weekday Selection: For the event to re-occur yearly and on a specific date, select this option. To choose which month you would like to have the event take place, select the month from the “every month” menu. To choose the week you would like the event to take place in by selecting from the “on” date menu. Finally, select which weekday you would like the event to take place on by selecting the appropriate option. The event will occur yearly during the month you indicated in the week you indicated, on the day(s) you indicated.

Ends by field: To specify which day the event terminates, select the appropriate day from the menu found by clicking on the calendar next to the “ends by” field. You can also manually input a termination date for the event by entering the two digit month, two digit date and four digit year into the field.

Save button: Clicking on the “save” button after you have made the recurrence changes will automatically update your calendar as well as the invited colleagues calendar for the event you have modified.

Cancel button: Clicking on the “cancel” button will close the recurrence window without saving your changes.

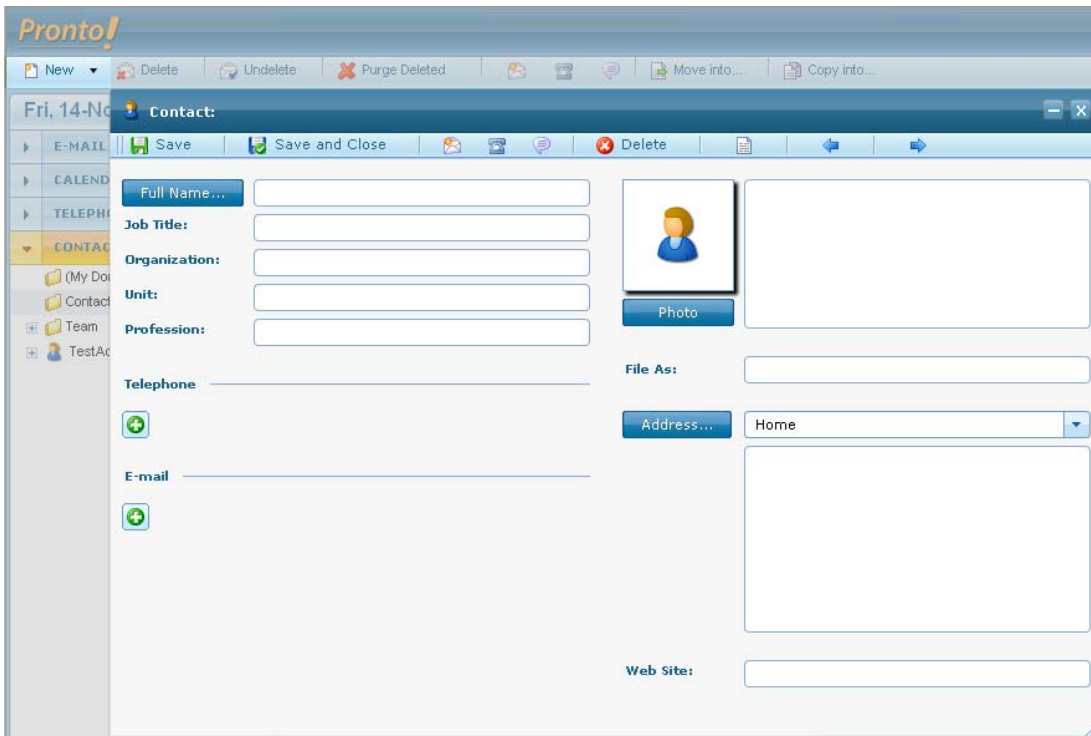
Remove recurrence button: Clicking on the “remove recurrence” button will remove the recurrence from the event while keeping the remainder of the event information intact.

Priority Level Button: To change the priority level of the event invitations, click on the exclamation point shaped button. When the recipient receives the invitation they will notice that the priority level of the invitation has been sent to high indicating this invitation should be responded to immediately or that this event is of high importance. If you want to return the priority level of the event to normal click on the “priority level” button again.

Delete: To delete an event from your calendar, select the event and click on the “delete” button. The event and all recurrences have been removed from your calendar.

4.3. Adding a Contact (New Contact)

The core concept behind Pronto! is the ability of the end-user to easily communicate via instant messaging, e-mail, or voice by accessing their stored contacts list. The contacts list is the running database of information about friends, family or co-workers that has been entered into Pronto!, and your contacts are stored in the “address book.” To quickly add a contact to the “address book” click on the triangle icon next to the “new button” once and select “contact” from the list of available options. This will open the “contacts” window and the “contacts” window will appear at the forefront of your account. To close the “contacts” window, click on the [X] button found in the upper right hand side of the “contacts” window. When a new contact is created, it will be created in the selected contacts folder. To select a contact folder, go to the contacts tab and select a folder. If no folder is selected, the new contact will be created in the main contacts folder. When adding a new contact you will find the following options:



Full Name Button: Clicking on either the “Full name” button or “Full name” field will open the “full name” window. To close the “full name” window, click on the [X] button found in the upper right hand side of the “full name” window. In this window you have the option to:

Input the contacts’ professional title in the “title” field.

Input the contacts’ first name in the “first name” field.

Input the contacts’ middle name in the “middle name” field.

Input the contacts’ last name in the “last name” field.

Enter the contacts’ suffix in the “suffix” field.

Save the full-name of the contact by clicking the “OK” button after the contact information has been entered.

Cancel out of the full-name editor by also clicking on the “cancel” button.

Job Title field: Enter the work-appointed title for the contact in this field.

Organization field: Enter the company/organization of the contact.

Unit field: Enter the specific division of the company/organization that your contact works in, into this field.

Profession field: Enter the profession of the contact into this field.

Telephone field and display area: Clicking on the little green (+) button found under the Telephone field will create a new space to input the contacts’ telephone number. You can choose how you want to classify their number by selecting one of the options from the pull-down menu found next to the telephone number input space. You can delete a telephone number from the contact by clicking on the red (x) button found to the right of the telephone number classification pull-down menu. Multiple phone numbers can be entered for one contact. The radio button next to a phone number in the “telephone display area” indicates the default telephone number of the contact.

E-mail field and display area: Clicking on the little green (+) button found under the e-mail field will create a new space to input the contacts e-mail information. You can choose how to classify their e-mail address by selecting one of the options from the pull-down menu found next to the e-mail address input space. An e-mail address can be deleted from the contact by clicking on the red (x) button to the right of

the e-mail address classification pull-down menu. Multiple e-mail addresses can be entered for one contact. The default address of the contact is indicated by the button next to it.

Photo button and Photo display area: Clicking on the “photo” button will open the browsers’ search-dialog window. To save a photo image of the contact, locate where the photo has been stored, then follow the path leading to that file. Once you have found the photo, select the appropriate photo to represent the contact and open the photo as you normally would open any file or photo in your browser. Barring sizing restrictions, the selected photo will appear directly above the “photo” button in the “photo display area.”

Note field: This field is found to the right of the photo button and display area. If there are additional notes to include with the previously stored information about the contact, add all supplemental information into this field.

File As field: By default, Pronto! will store the contacts information by their last name followed by their first. To file the contact under a different name (create an alias), but still retain the first and last name fields, enter the alias of the contact into the “file as” field. When the contacts information has been saved, you will be able to search for them with this newly created alias.

Address button and field: Clicking on the “Address” button will open the “address information” window. Once you have opened the “address” window you have the option to:

Input the contacts’ P.O. Box number in the “P.O. Box:” field.

Input the contacts’ Street name in the “Street:” field.

Input the contacts’ Suite Number in the “Suite:” field.

Input the contacts’ City of residence in the “City:” field.

Input the contacts’ State/Province of residence in the “State/Province:” field.

Input the contacts’ Postal Code in the “Postal Code:” field.

Input the contacts’ Country of residence in the “Country:” field.

Save the input information into the address field. By clicking on the “ok” button, the newly input information will appear in the address field.

Close the “address” window by clicking on the [X] button found in the upper right hand side of the “address” window.

You can modify the classification of the contacts address by selecting the appropriate option from the pull-down menu found next to the “address” button and above the “address field.”

Website field: Enter the URL for any website that your contact helped to build, maintain, frequents, works in correlation with or likes in this field.

Save button: After the contacts' information has been entered, click on the "save" button to save the contact to the address book exactly the way you configured it. If you search by the contacts last name or alias, you should be able to find the new contact within the "address book."

Save and Close button: After entering the contacts' information you would like to have stored, click on the "save and close" button to save the contact to the address book exactly the way you configured it.

Compose button: Clicking on the "compose" button found within specific users contact information will open the e-mail editor and automatically address the e-mail to the selected user based upon the information previously provided. If you have provided multiple e-mail addresses for one contact, they will appear in menu form under the "compose" button.

Call button: Clicking on the "call" button found within specific users contact information will open the "dialer" window and automatically initiate a phone call. If there are multiple telephone addresses' for one contact, they will appear in menu form under the "call" button. Then select which number to dial. You must have entered the users' information for the call button to work.

Send IM button: Clicking on the "send IM" button found within specific users contact information will open the "instant messenger" window and automatically initiate an instant messaging session with the selected user based upon the information previously provided. The users e-mail address is their IM identification and you must have entered it to chat with another user.

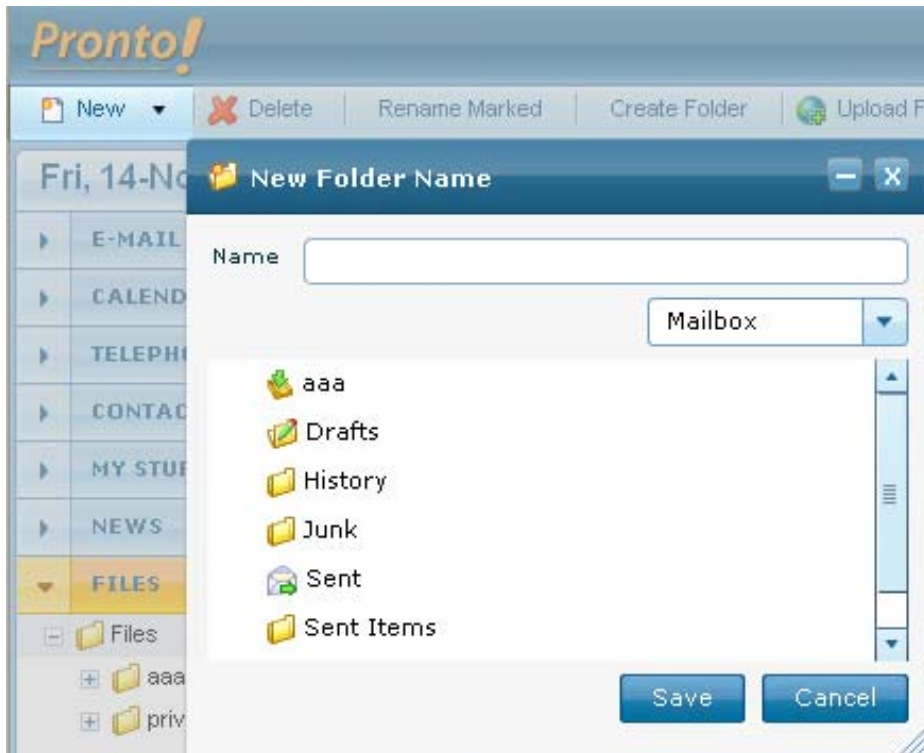
Delete button: Clicking on the "delete" button found within specific users contact information will automatically delete the contact. There are no warnings or requests, therefore it is imperative that you want to delete the contacts information before clicking on this button.

Un-decoded Message button: If you would like to see the message in its original coded form with no visual formatting applied, click on the "un-decoded message" button.

Backwards button: This button can be used to cycle through the contacts in reverse-alphabetical order. When adding a contact, you can cycle through the address book to find pre-existing information or to edit an existing contact.

Forwards button: This button can be used to cycle through the contacts in alphabetical order. When adding a contact, you can cycle through the address book to find pre-existing information or to edit an existing contact.

4.4. Creating a New Folder (New Folder)



With Pronto! you can create and specify the location of the new folder within your account. You can create new folders and directories for every aspect of Pronto!, from new e-mail folders to event folders to sub-folders within the “address book” all allowing for better organization of your electronic communications. To quickly

create a new folder click on the triangle icon next to the “new button” once and select “folder” from the list of available options. This will open the “New folder” window. To close the “New folder” window click on the [X] button, found in the upper right hand side of the “New folder” window. When creating a new folder, you will find the following options:

Name field: Found at the top of the “New folder” window, input the name of the new folder to create.

Folder type Menu: Found directly below the “name field” this pull-down menu allows you to specify what type of folder to create.

Location Menu Window: Depending on what type of folder is created, you will see the list of available paths to choose from in this window. To choose the end-destination location for the folder, open the path leading to the desired location and click on the “save” button. To create a sub-folder within a pre-existing folder open the path leading to the pre-existing folder, make sure the folder is highlighted and then click on the “save” button.

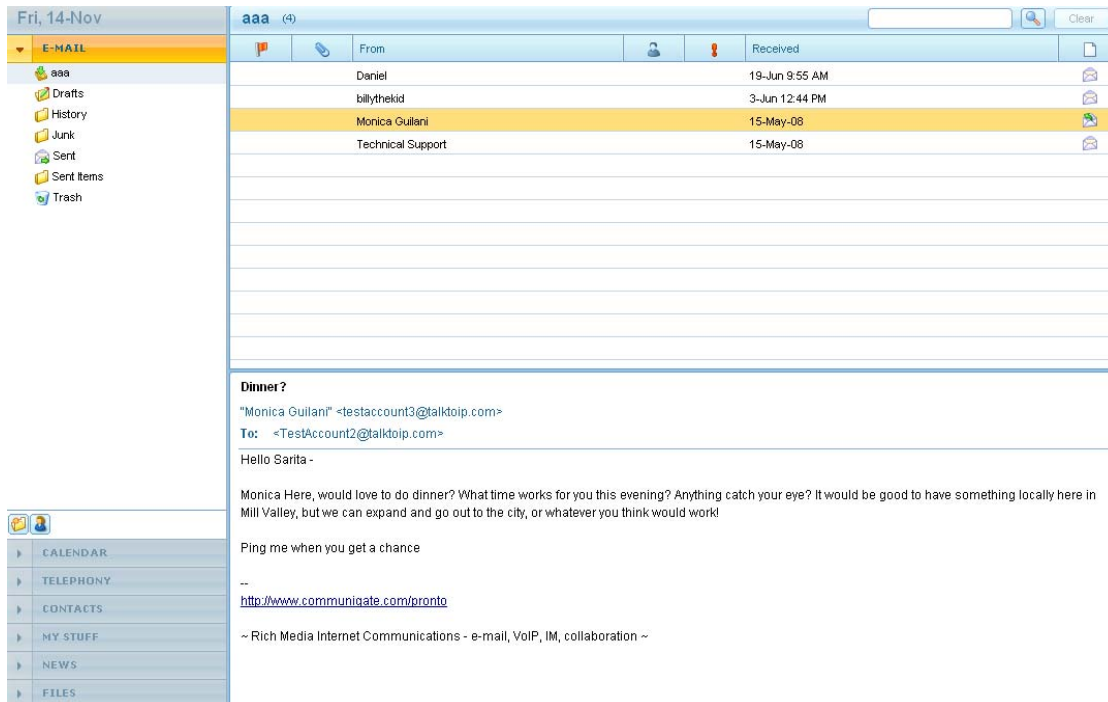
Save button: After the folder has been created, click on the “save” button to save the new folder at the file-path you have input. When you visit the parent directory, you will see the newly created folder.

5. Side Bar and Tabs

Using the side bar and the tabs is the easiest way to access the various forms of communications available within Pronto!. When clicking on the any of the tabs found in the “sidebar” the respective tab will expand within the “side bar” to reveal all available tab-specific options Pronto! can deliver. Depending on the selection, options available to you that normally appear right above the “main window” will change accordingly.



5.1. E-Mail Tab



Advanced e-mail options can be found by clicking on the “e-mail tab” on the sidebar. If you want to have a “paper record” or a running log of your conversations with contacts, you can contact them via e-mail instead of instant messaging or the phone. Clicking on the “e-mail tab” will access the list of available mailboxes and allow you to create, view, organize and maintain your messages. To manage e-mail, you will find the following options:

E-mail Composition: For more information regarding composing a new e-mail please refer to section 4.1.

Delete button: To delete an e-mail, select the appropriate message in the “main” window and click on the “delete” button. The selected messages will be deleted (moved to the trash folder if the preference for delete mode is set to “Move to trash”).

Mark Unread Button: If you would like to classify an e-mail message as unread, you can do so by selecting the appropriate message in the “main” window and clicking on the “mark unread” button. The selected message will appear in your mailbox as an unread message.

Mark Read Button: If you would like to classify an e-mail message as read you can do so by selecting the appropriate message in the “main” window and clicking on the “mark read” button. The selected message will appear in your mailbox as a read message.

Set Flag Button: To specify a higher level of importance to an e-mail or to flag the e-mail to alert you at a later point, select the appropriate message in the

“main” window, and click on the “set flag” button. The selected message will appear flagged in your mailbox, the little red flag appearing next to the message in the “flag field” within the “main window.”

Empty Trash Button: To delete the contents of the trash folder, click on the “empty trash” button. The folder will be empty. This button is only visible if you select the Trash folder in the folder tree and the preference for Delete mode is set to “Move to trash.”

Purge Deleted Button: This button will appear if “delete mode” has been set to “mark” in the deletion options found in the “settings window” (refer to section

3.1.4 for more information). If the message to be marked for deletion is selected, clicking on the “purge deleted” button will automatically delete all marked messages.

Reply Button: To reply to the sender of a message that you have read, select the appropriate message in the “main” window and click on the “reply” button. A window practically identical to the “e-mail composition” window will appear but with the contents of the message you have selected appearing indented in the “content field.” The “to:” field within the “e-mail composition” window will contain the address of the sender of the mail you are replying to. You can then respond to your mail as normal.

Reply to All Button: To reply to the sender and anyone copied on a message that you have read, select the appropriate message and click on the “reply to all” button. A window practically identical to the “e-mail composition” window will appear, but with the contents of the message you have selected appearing indented in the “content field” found within the “e-mail composition” window. The “to:” and “cc:” fields within the “e-mail composition” window contain the addresses of the sender and anyone copied on the mail you are replying to. Then respond to the mail like you would normally compose an e-mail.

Forward Button: To forward a message you have received to another e-mail address, select the appropriate message in the “main” window and click on the “Forward” button. A window practically identical to the “e-mail composition” window will appear with the contents of the message you have selected appearing as a forwarded-attached file, directly under the subject line of the newly forwarded message. While forwarding a message, you have the options to:

Check the contents of the attached file you are forwarding by clicking name of the forwarded-attached file.

Remove the attached file you are forwarding and continue to compose the e-mail by clicking on the checked box that appears to the left of the name of the forwarded-attached file.

Forward the message with inline comments (direct replies to specific topics) by opening the message, and then clicking the forward button.

Move Into Button: To categorize e-mail messages into specific folders select the appropriate message in the “main” window and click on the “move into” button.

This will open the “move into” window. To close the “move into” window, click on the [X] button, found in the upper right hand side of the “move into” window or the “cancel” button found in the lower right hand side of the “move into” window. Within the “move into” window, you should see all mailboxes that have been created as well as mailboxes you have access rights to. To move a message, you can:

Double-click on the appropriate folder to move the message into.

Click on the appropriate folder to move the message into and then click the “save” button found at the bottom right hand corner of the “move into” window.

Copy Into Button: To copy and categorize e-mail messages into specific folders while leaving the message in its current destination, select the appropriate message in the “main” window and click on the “copy into” button. This will open the “copy into” window. To close the “copy into” window click on the [X] button found in the upper right hand side of the “copy into” window or the “cancel” button found in the lower right hand side of the “copy into” window. Within the “copy into” window, all mailboxes that you have created will be listed. To copy a message, you can:

Double-click on the appropriate folder you would like to copy the message into-

Click on the appropriate folder you would like to copy the message into and then click the “save” button found at the bottom right hand corner of the “copy into” window.

Create a New Folder Button: An alternate way to create a new folder is by clicking on the button found at the bottom left hand corner of the “e-mail options” window found within the “e-mail” tab on the “side bar.” For more information on creating a new folder, please refer to section 4.4.

Shared folders Button: To share specific folders in your Pronto! account with another user click on the “shared folders” button to open the “shared folders” window. To close the “shared folders” window, click on the [X] button found in the upper right hand side of the “shared folders” window or the “cancel” button found in the lower right hand side of the “shared folders” window. Within the “shared folders” window, you should find the following options:

Username Button: Clicking on the “username” button will open the “e-mail address book.” You can then search through the “e-mail address book” for the contact whose folders you wish to access. Once the appropriate contact information has been located, you can either double click on the appropriate contact, or highlight the appropriate contact and click on the close button found in the lower right hand side of the “e-mail address book.” Their e-mail information should automatically be placed within the “username” field.

⑩ **Username Field:** Here, you can manually enter the e-mail address of the user whose folders to access. If you have previously selected the user from the “e-mail address book” via the “username” button the respective information will be displayed in this field.

Open Button: If you have access to other users folders, clicking on the “open” button will bring up the “shared folders” window, and change the “open” button to the “close” button.

Shared Folders Window: If the user whose folder you would like to view has provided access, a list of the shared folders will appear in the “shared folders” window. Either check the folder for access to the folder, or uncheck the folder to no longer view the contents.

Update Button: After you have selected or unselected the folders that you would like to view, clicking on the update button will give you access to the requested folders. The folders that are being shared with you appear under the “e-mail” tab on the “side bar” named respectively under the node with the name of the corresponding user.

Close Button: To stop viewing the shared contents of the other user, click on the close button to remove the “shared folders” window. Once the “shared folders” window has been removed, the “close” button has will change back to the “open” button.

Attachments Button: When receiving an e-mail with multiple attachments, the “attachments” button will appear in the e-mail you are viewing in the “main window” under the “sender” and “recipient” fields. To manage attachments from within a specific message open the “attachments” window.

Within the “attachments” window you will find the following options:

Attachments List: All attached files in the e-mail appear in list form covering the body of the “attachments” window. Select or deselect each attachment you would like to manage by checking or unchecking the checkbox next to the attachment.

Select All Button: To manage all attachments in a specific e-mail, click on the “select all” button.

Deselect All Button: To unselect all of the attachments, click on the “deselect all” button.

Save on Server As Button: To save the selected attachments, select the appropriate attachments and click on the “save on server” button. The “upload” file window will open and present the following options:

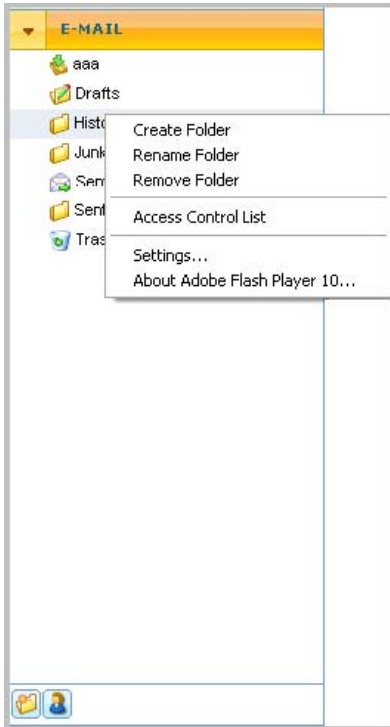
Replace Existing Checkbox: To replace an existing file within a specific folder with the attachment, check the “replace existing” option. If there were identically name files the attachments function will have replaced the older copy.

Upload File Button: To upload attachments to a specified file path click on the “upload file” button.

Save Locally As Button: To save the selected attachments locally on your computer click on the “save locally as” button. Your web browser-specific file-saving menu will appear and save the files as you normal.

E-mail File Button: To forward attachments to a contact via e-mail, select the appropriate attachments and then click on the “e-mail file” button. The e-mail composition window will open with the selected attachments included. Then compose an e-mail as normal in the Pronto! interface. For more information on composing a new e-mail, please refer to section 4.1.

Remove Files Button: To remove attachments from an e-mail but still keep the e-mail in the folder, select which attachments to remove from the e-mail and click on the “remove files” button. The e-mail is still present but the selected attachments will no longer appear as an attachment in that e-mail.



5.1.1. Right Clicking a Folder under the “E-mail” Tab in the “Side Bar”

Another unique feature found in Pronto! is the ability to right click on a folder under the “e-mail” tab in the “side bar” to quickly organize and maintain e-mail folders. To make changes to a specific folder, right click on the folder. A browser specific menu will appear next to your mouse-pointer with the following options:

Create Folder: For more information on creating a new folder please refer to section

Rename Folder: To rename a folder within your account make sure you have selected the appropriate folder and click on the “rename folder” button. The “rename folder” window will appear at the forefront of your account. To close the “rename folder” window click on the [X] button found in the upper right hand side of the “rename folder” window or the “cancel” button found in the lower right hand side of the “rename folder” window. Within the “rename folder” window, you should find the following options:

“New folder name” field: Enter the name you would like to re-name the selected folder to in the “new folder name” field.

Save button: Click on the save button will save the folder under the new name you have given it.

Cancel button: Clicking on the cancel button will close the “rename folder” window.

Remove Folder: To remove a folder from your account, select the appropriate folder(s) to delete and click on the “remove folder” button. The “delete folder” window will open. To close the “remove folder” window click on the [X] button found in the upper right hand side of the “remove folder” window or the “cancel” button found in the lower right hand side of the “remove folder” window. Within the “remove folder” window, you should find the following options:

Delete button: Follow through with the deletion and remove the folder by clicking on the “delete” button. The folder and contents will then be permanently deleted from your account.

Cancel button: Cancel the deletion and keep the selected folder(s) in your account by clicking on the “cancel” button.

4.4.

Access Control List: To share a specific folder with a colleague or friend, select the appropriate folder(s) to share and click on the “access control list” button or right click on the appropriate folder and choose “access control list” from the pull-down menu. The “access control list” window will open at the forefront of your account. To close the “access control list” window click on the [X] button found in the upper right hand side of the “access control list” window or the “cancel” button found in the lower right hand side of the “access control list” window. Within the “access control list” window you should find the following options:

New Button: Clicking on the “new” button within the “access control list” window” will allow you to enter the e-mail address of your friend or colleague to share the folder with.

Edit Button: Clicking on the “edit” button within the “access control list” window” will allow you to edit the existing e-mail address of your friend or colleague to share the folder with.

Delete Button: Clicking on the “delete” button within the “access control list” window will allow you to delete the existing e-mail address of your friend or colleague.

⑩ **Access Control List Rights:** The Account owner can grant certain limited access rights to other users by specifying the options found under “Access Control Lists rights.” The following Mailbox access rights can be checked or unchecked:

Lookup: By granting a user Lookup access rights, they will be able to view specified mailboxes in your account.

Select: By granting a user read access rights, they will be able to open this Mailbox and see the messages in this Mailbox.

Seen: By granting a user seen access rights, they will be able to mark messages as read. Usually a message is automatically marked as seen when a user reads it. If this access right is not granted to a user reading a message, the message "seen" status will not be changed.

Flags: Granting a user with write access right allows them to be able to set message flags: i.e. to mark messages as answered or "flagged" and to reset the message flags.

Insert: If you grant a user the Insert access right, that user will be able to append messages to this Mailbox and to copy messages from other Mailboxes into this one.

Create: If you grant a user the Create access right, that user will be able to create new Mailboxes "inside" this Mailbox.

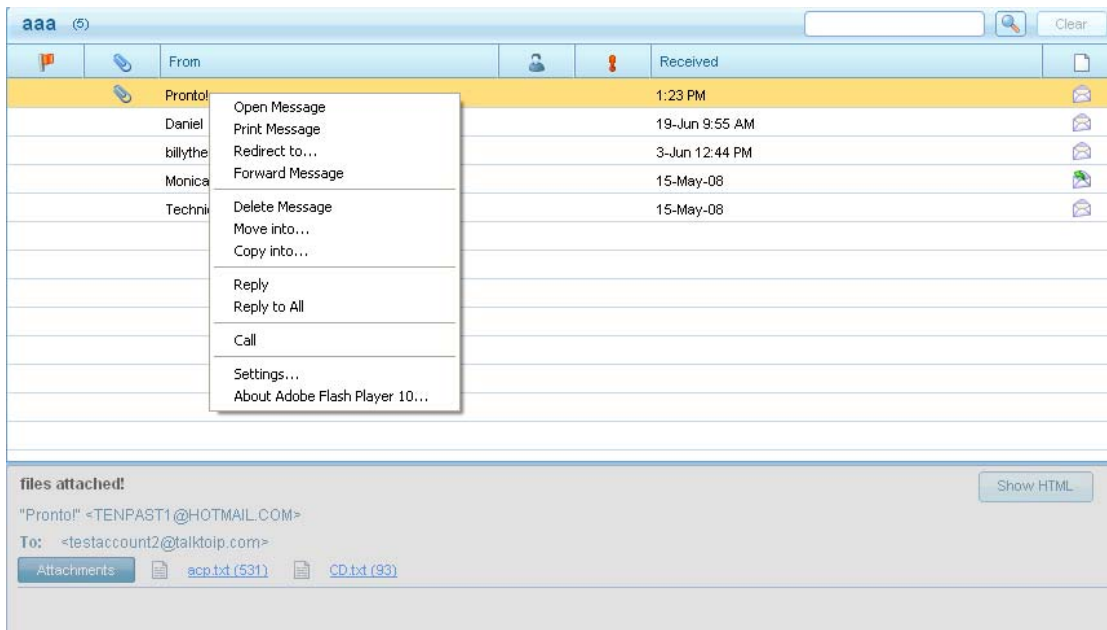
Delete: If you grant a user the Delete access right, that user will be able to mark messages as deleted and to compress the Mailbox, removing all its messages marked as deleted.

Admin: If you grant a user the Administer access right, that user will be able to modify the mailbox, modify the mailbox meta-data, and see any hidden mailboxes and messages you might have.

Save Button: Clicking on the “save” button within the “access control list” window” will save any changes you have made to the rights of that specific folder.

Cancel Button: Clicking on the “cancel” button within the “access control list” window”, will disregard the changes and close the “access control list” window.

5.1.2. Right Clicking an E-mail in the Message Grid in the “Main” Window



Another unique feature found in Pronto! is the ability to “right click” an e-mail in the preview pane under the “main” window to quickly access and control where the e-mail messages should go. To make changes to a specific e-mail right click on the e-mail message in question. The right clicking function can be used to “open”, “print”, “redirect” and “forward” multiple e-mails (maximum of ten) at once. A browser specific menu will appear next to the mouse-pointer with the following options:

Open Message: Selecting “open message” will open a new window containing the message you have selected in front of the “main” window.

Print Message: Selecting “print message” will open a new window containing the selected message in front of the “main” window. This window displays the way the message will be printed and then open your browsers standard printing options dialog window. Then you can print the message as you normally would print any web-based content.

Re-direct to...: To re-direct a received message to another e-mail address, select the appropriate message in the “main” window, right clicking on that message and select the “Re-direct to...” option from the pull-down menu. A new window containing the message you have selected in front of the “main” window containing the following options:

The “To” Button: To select a pre-existing contact from the address book click on the “To” button and select the contact to re-direct the message to. The contact will appear in the “To” field within the “re-direct to...” window.

The “To” field: Manually input a contacts e-mail address to re-direct the message in this field.

The “Send” Button: If an address appears in the “to” field where you could re-direct the message by clicking on the “send” button within the “redirect to...” window will deliver the message to the address within the “to” field.

The “cancel” button: To close this window, click on the cancel button. The message will not be re-directed.

⑩ **Forward Message:** To forward a received message to another e-mail address, select the appropriate message in the “main” window, right click on that message then select the “Forward” option from the pull-down menu. A window practically identical to the “e-mail composition” window appears but with the contents of the selected message appearing as an forwarded-attached file directly under the subject line of the newly forwarded message. While forwarding a message, you have the options to:

Check the contents of the attached forwarded file by clicking name of the forwarded-attached file.

Remove the attached file, and continue to compose the e-mail by clicking on the checked box that appears to the left of the name of the forwarded-attached file.

Delete Message: To delete an e-mail, select the appropriate message in the “main” window, right click on that message then select the “delete” option from the pull-down menu. The selected messages will be deleted (moved to the trash folder if available for restoration if need be).

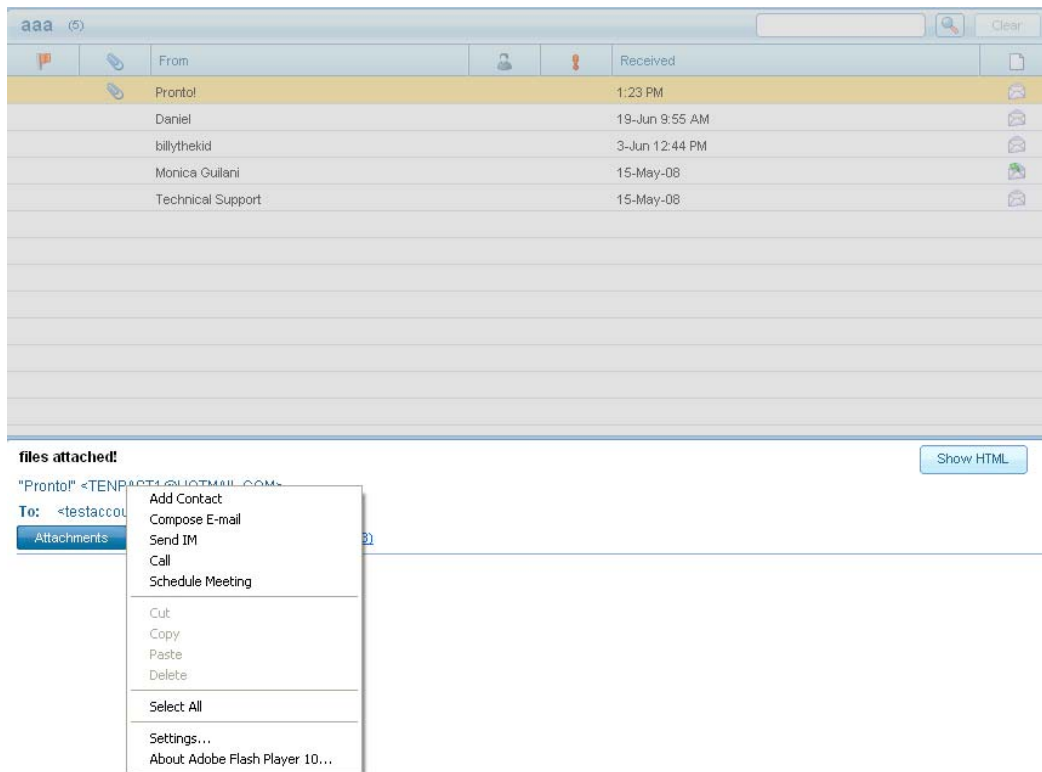
⑩ **Move into...:** To move and categorize your e-mail messages into specific folders, select the appropriate message in the “main” window, right click on that message and select the “move into” option from the pull-down menu. This will open the “move into” window, and the “move into” window will appear at the forefront of your account. To move a message, you can double-click on the appropriate folder to move the message into, or click on the appropriate folder to move the message into, and then click the “save” button found at the bottom right hand corner of the “move into” window.

Copy into...: To copy and categorize e-mail messages into specific folders, while leaving the message in its current destination, select the appropriate message in the “main” window, right click on that message, and select the “copy into” option from the pull-down menu. Within the “copy into” window all available mailboxes are listed. To copy a message: Double-click on the appropriate folder in which to copy the message or click on the appropriate folder to move the message into, and then click the “save” button found at the bottom right hand corner of the “copy into” window.

Reply: To reply to the sender of a message, select the appropriate message in the “main” window, and right click on that message then select the “reply” option from the pull-down menu. A window practically identical to the “e-mail composition” window appears with the contents of the message you have selected visible in the “content field.” The “to:” field within the “e-mail composition” window will contain the address of the sender of the mail you are replying. You can then respond to the mail like you would normally compose an e-mail.

Reply to all: To reply to the sender and anyone copied on a message that you have read, select the appropriate message, right click on that message and select the “reply to all” option from the pull-down menu. A window practically identical to the “e-mail composition” window appears with the contents of the message you have selected in the “content field” found within the “e-mail composition” window. The “to:” and “cc” fields within the “e-mail composition” window now contain the addresses of the sender and anyone copied on the mail you are replying. You can then respond to the mail like you would normally compose an e-mail.

5.1.3. Right Clicking the Sender of an E-mail in the Preview Pane



Another unique feature found in Pronto! is the ability to “right click” on the senders name in an e-mail under the “main window.” You will see a browser specific menu appear next to the mouse-pointer with the following options:

Add Contact: To add the sender of the e-mail you are viewing to the address book, right click on the sender of the e-mail and select the “add contact” option. For more information on adding a contact, please refer to section 4.3.

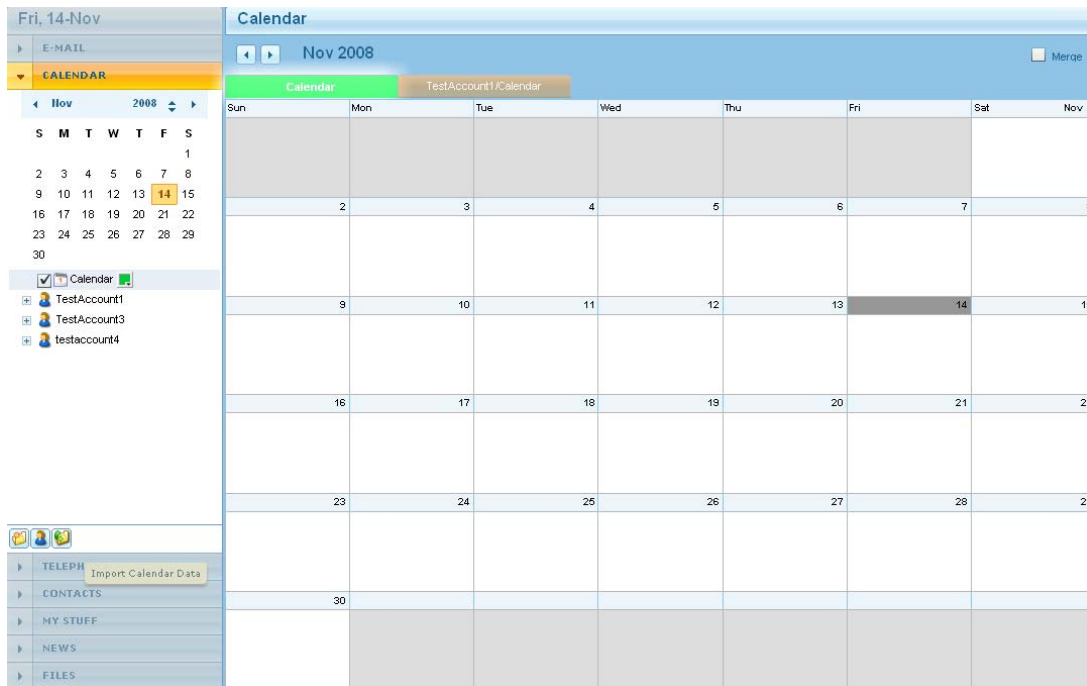
Compose e-mail: To compose an e-mail with the sender of the mail you are reading as the recipient, right click on the sender of the e-mail, and select the “compose e-mail” option. For more information on composing an e-mail, please refer to section 4.1.

Send IM: To send an instant message to the sender of the mail you are reading, you can do so by right click on the sender’s e-mail, and select the “send IM” option. The instant messaging window will open and you can then chat back and forth with the contact, if he or she is online. You can then access all instant messaging options available in Pronto! as you normally would. For more information on instant messaging, please refer to section 3.2.

Call: To call the sender of the mail you are reading, right click on the sender of the e-mail and selecting the “call” option. The Pronto! dialer will open and automatically initiate a call with the contact. You can then manage the calls as you normally would through the Pronto! dialer. For more information on the Pronto! dialer, please refer to section 3.3.

Schedule Meeting: To schedule a meeting with the sender of the mail you are viewing, right click on the sender of the e-mail and select the “schedule meeting” option. The new events window will open allowing to create a new event as you normally would within the Pronto! interface. For more information on creating an event, please refer to section 4.2.

5.2. Calendaring Tab



Advanced calendaring options can be found by clicking on the “Calendars” tab on the side-bar. To plan an event, create a meeting, or set a reminder for yourself for a future engagement, schedule and monitor appointments using the calendaring features of Pronto!. Clicking on the “calendar” tab will

bring up a small calendar view of the current month in the side-bar as well as access all of the calendars and display the primary calendar in the “main” window. Navigate through past, present and future events and change the starting dates for certain calendar-views using the “calendar tab.” In Pronto! several calendars can be created across your account, but only one is assigned the role of “main calendar.” When you accept an invitation or create a new appointment or meeting request the data will be stored in the “main calendar.”

New Event: A event can be created by selecting the day and time in the daily and weekly view, right clicking on the day and selecting schedule meeting. For supplemental information on creating a new event, please refer to section 4.2.

Print button: To print the calendar view, make sure you have the appropriate “calendar view” selected and then click on the “print” button. A new window will pop up displaying how the calendar will appear when it prints. If satisfied with the view, you can then print the calendar as you would normally print any other document in your web browser.

Daily Button: To view the calendar in daily format, click on the “daily” button. The calendar view will appear in “daily” format, spanning only a 24 hour segment. The date of the day you are viewing the calendar appears in the upper left-hand side of the “main” window.

Navigate through future calendar views day by day by clicking on the right arrow button that appears at the top of your current calendar view in the “main window.”

Navigate through past calendar views day by day by clicking on the left arrow button that appears at the top of the current calendar view in the “main window.”

Work Week Button: To view the calendar in a work-week (5-day) format, click on the “work week” button. The calendar view will appear in “work week” format spanning from the date selected as the “starts at” date. The start and end dates of the work-week appear in the upper left-hand side of the “main” window:

Navigate through future calendar views in 5-day format, by clicking on the right arrow button that appears at the top of the current calendar view in the “main window.”

Navigate through past calendar views in 5-day format, by clicking on the left arrow button that appears at the top of the current calendar view in the “main window.”

Weekly Button: To view the calendar in weekly format, click on the “weekly” button. The calendar view will appear in “weekly” format, spanning from the date selected as the “starts at” date. The start and end dates of the week you are viewing appear in the upper left-hand side of the “main” window:

Navigate through future calendar views in weekly format, by clicking on the right arrow button that appears at the top of the current calendar view in the “main window.”

Navigate through past calendar views in weekly format, by clicking on the left arrow button that appears at the top of the current calendar view in the “main window.”

Monthly Button: To view your calendar in monthly format, click on the “monthly” button. The calendar view will appear in “monthly” format, spanning the next month. The month you are viewing appears in the upper left-hand side of the “main” window:

Navigate through future calendar views in monthly format, by clicking on the right arrow button that appears at the top of the current calendar view in the “main window.”

Navigate through past calendar views in monthly format, by clicking on the left arrow button that appears at the top of the current calendar view in the “main window.”

Merge Button: Pronto! uses tabbed browsing for viewing multiple calendars within the “main” window. If more than one calendar is accessible, you can view each calendar within the “main” window by clicking on the respective calendar tab in Pronto!. To view more than one of the available calendars, make sure each calendar you would like to view is checked under the “calendar” tab in the “side bar.” Select the “merge” option found in the upper right hand side of the “main” window while browsing through calendars, and all appointments from the calendars you have selected will appear in the “main” window.

Create Folder Button: For more information on creating a new folder, please refer to section 4.4.

Shared Folders Button: For more information on sharing a folder, please refer to the shared folders button explanation in section 5.

Import Calendar Data Button: To import saved calendar data into the “main calendar” click on the “import calendar data” button. This will open the browser-specific folder management window, and you can import the calendar data that is saved in iCalendar format. If there is an error in text file format, the error message is displayed indicating the text line that caused the problem and no data is imported.

Selecting a Calendar: If you have been given access rights to multiple calendars, you can select which you would like to view by clicking on the appropriate calendar from the menu. By checking a specific calendar, the calendar will appear in the “main” window. If multiple calendars are selected, they will appear as tabs at the top of the “main” window. All selected calendars are stored automatically in Pronto! so that the next time you log in, the selected calendars are still visible to you as tabs in the “main” window.

Editing an Event: An event can be edited by dragging or resizing the time the event spans for in your daily and weekly views. This only works for events you have organized that are non-recurring. For a recurring event, open the event by double clicking on it. When the event is edited, optional updates are sent to the attendees. The event can then be accepted or rejected based on the updated invitation.

Selecting a Color: To change the color scheme for the calendars, click on the color box that appears next to the specific calendar you would like to edit and then select a color from the grid. All selected color preferences are stored automatically for each individual calendar so that the next time you log in the changes will still be applied

Replying to a Calendar Invite: If you have received a calendar invite in your e-mail Inbox, you can manage how to reply to this invite. By clicking on the e-mail message containing the invite, the following options will appear at the top of the e-mail you are reading in the “main” window:

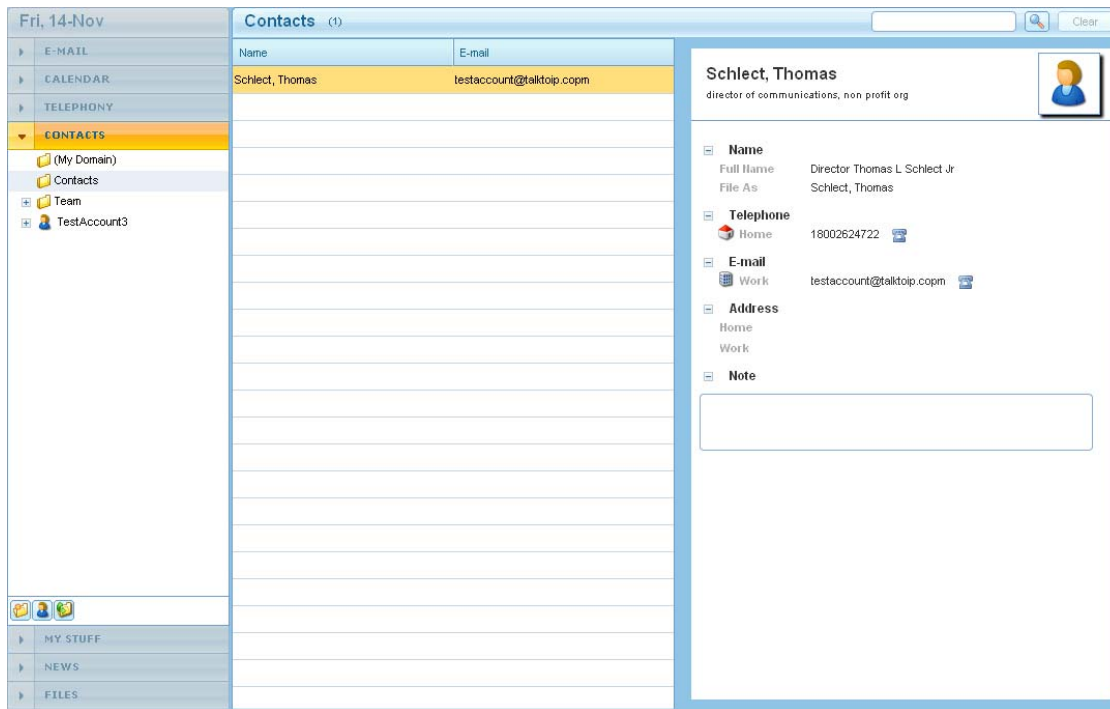
Accept Button: To accept the calendar invite, carefully review the details of the invite and click on the “accept” button. A window will open with the options to: notify the sender that you are attending the meeting via an automated e-mail response, notify the sender you are attending the meeting via a custom response, or to decline the invitation. After choosing one of these options, the invite will be made into an actual event, and the event will show up in the main calendar at the date and time you agreed to.

Tentative Button: To tentatively accept the calendar invite, click on the “tentative” button. A window will open with the options to: notify the sender that you are tentatively attending the meeting via an automated e-mail response, notify the sender you are tentatively attending the meeting via a custom response, or notify the sender that you are declining the invite. After choosing one of these options, the invite will be turned into a tentative event, and the event will show up in the main calendar at the date and time requested.

Decline Button: To decline the calendar invite, click on the “decline” button. A window will open with the options to: notify the sender that you are declining the meeting via an automated e-mail response, notify the sender you are declining the meeting via a custom response, or to notify the sender that you are declining the meeting.

Calendar Button: To view your calendar before committing to attending or rejecting the proposed meeting, click on the “calendar” button. The calendar selected as the main calendar will appear, and you can browse through the calendar as you normally would. To switch back to the e-mail invite, click on the “e-mail tab” in the “side-bar.”

5.4. Contacts Tab



To access the “e-mail address books” in the “main” window of the Pronto! interface click on the “contacts” tab on the side-bar. The contacts function found in Pronto! allows to: add, edit or remove contacts, organize contacts in alphabetical order, as well as initiate various forms of communications. Clicking on the “contacts” tab will bring up all folders within the address book in alphabetical order under the “contacts” tab on the side-bar, access the “e-mail address book” and display all entries in the “main” window.

New Contact Button: For more information on adding a new contact, please refer to section 4.3.

Delete button: Clicking on the “delete” button while highlighting specific users contact information within the “main” window, will automatically delete the contact. There is no warning, or request to make sure you want to delete the contact, so it is important to be absolutely sure you want to delete the contacts information before clicking on this button.

Compose button: Clicking on the “compose” button while highlighting specific users contact information will open the e-mail editor and automatically compose an e-mail to the selected user based upon the information you have previously provided. If multiple e-mail addresses’ are provided for one contact, they will appear in menu form under the “compose” button. You can then pick and choose which address to compose to.

Call button: Clicking on the “call” button while highlighting specific user contact information will open the “dialer” window and automatically initiate a phone call with the contact. If multiple telephone addresses’ have been provided for one

contact, they will appear in menu form under the “call” button. You can then pick and choose which number to dial.

Send IM button: Clicking on the “send IM” button will open the “instant messenger” window and automatically create an instant messaging session with the selected user. If multiple e-mail addresses’ have been provided for one contact, they will appear in menu form under the “Send IM” button. You can then pick and choose which address to send the IM to.

Move into... button: To move and categorize the contacts into specific folders, select the appropriate contact in the “main” window, and click the “move into” button. To move a contact, you can:

Double-click on the appropriate folder to move the message into.

Click on the appropriate folder to move the message into, and then click the “save” button found at the bottom right hand corner of the “move into” window.

Copy into button: To copy and categorize your contacts into specific folders, while leaving the contact information in its current destination, select the appropriate contact in the “main” window, and clicking the “copy into” button. This will open the “copy into” window, and the “copy into” window will appear at the forefront of your account. To copy a contact:

Double-click on the appropriate folder you would like to copy the message into.

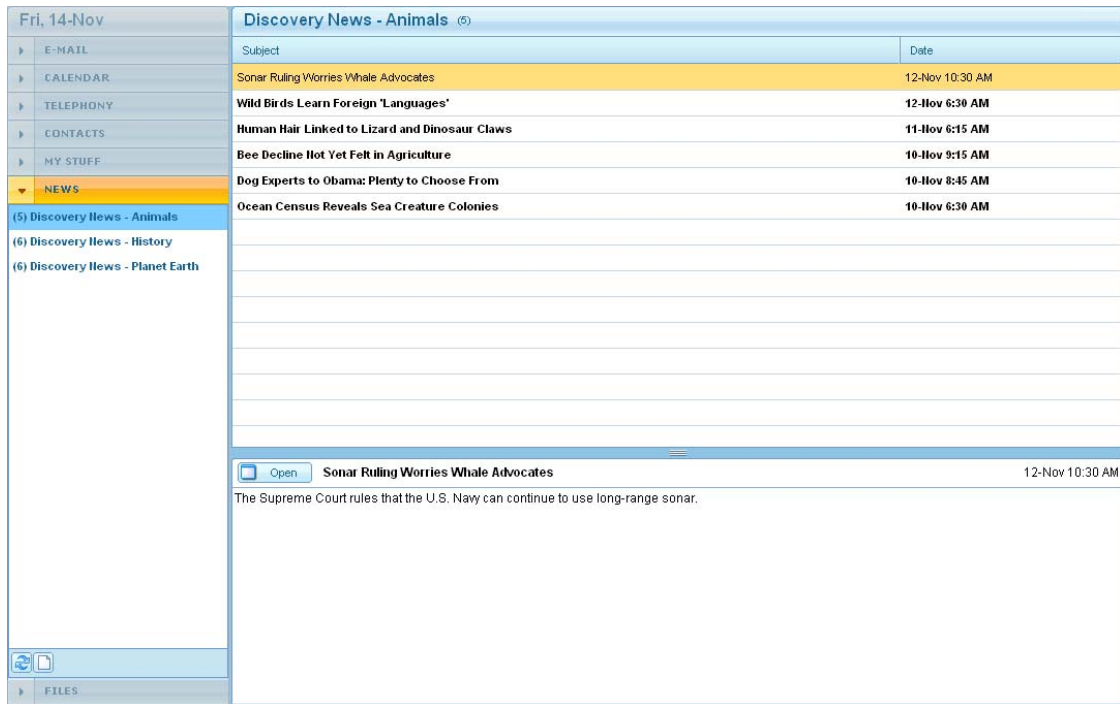
Click on the appropriate folder you would like to move the message into, and then click the “save” button found at the bottom right hand corner of the “copy into” window to copy contact information to this new location.

Create Folder Button: For more information on creating a new folder, please refer to section 4.4.

Share Folder Button: For more information on sharing a folder, please refer to the explanation of sharing a folder in section 5.1.

Import vCard Data Button: To import saved electronic business card data (vCard) click on the “import vCard data” button. This will open the browser-specific folder management window, allowing you to import the vCard data. If there is an error in the file format, the error message is displayed indicating the incorrect file-format was used, and no vCard data will be imported.

5.6. News Tab



A neat feature found in the Pronto! interface is the ability to subscribe to RSS News feeds. To keep up to date on your favorite topics, or to stream news from a specific source, specify where to receive news articles of interest by clicking on the “news” tab. Clicking on the “news” tab will bring up all feed sources currently subscribed to in alphabetical order under the “news” button on the “side-bar” including a running counter before the name of the feed to alert you to any unread posts. Click on the individual source to display all current RSS feeds you have received from that source in the “main” window (organized by release date). Click on the headline of the article that interests you to directly access the feed via html. To open the feed, click on the “open” button in this small window. The news feed will appear as a new page and allows you to browse through the article.

Subscribe button: To receive headlines and news stories (subscribe) from a specific source, enter the address by clicking on the “subscribe” button. To close the “add news feed source” window click on the [X] button, found in the upper right hand side of the “add news feed source” window or the “cancel” button found in the lower right hand side of the “add news feed source” window. Within the “add news feed source” window, you will find the following options:

Address (URL): field: To subscribe to a specific news source, type that address the way it appears in the “address (URL)” field.

Save button: To update the log of the news-feeds you are subscribing to, click on the “save” button. The new source appears in the list of sources you are subscribing to under the “news” tab in the “side-bar.”

Unsubscribe button: To unsubscribe to a RSS news feed, highlight the correct source from the list found under the “news” tab and then click on the “unsubscribe” button. The source has been removed from the RSS news feeds list, and that all stories from that source are no longer visible.

Refresh button: Clicking on the Refresh button will command Pronto! to access and refresh the RSS news feed source for the most up to date information. If any posts have occurred since the last time you have checked the news feed, these posts will be visible in the “main window.”

Mark all as Read button (posts from a specific RSS feed): To mark all of the posts from the RSS news feed source as read, click on the “mark all as read” button. All posts that are present in the “main window” will appear as read.

Mark Read button: To mark a specific post from the RSS news feed source as read, click on the appropriate post, and click on the “mark read” button. The selected post will be marked as read in the “main window.”

Mark Unread button: To mark a specific post from the RSS news feed source as unread, click on the appropriate post and click on the “mark unread” button. The selected post will be marked as unread in the “main window.”

Refresh All button: Clicking on the “refresh all” button will command Pronto! to access and refresh all of the RSS news feed source for the most up to date information. If any new posts have occurred in any of the RSS news feeds, they will now be displayed.

Mark all as Read button (all RSS feeds): To mark all of the posts from all of the RSS news feed sources as read, click on the “mark all as read” button. All of the RSS feeds will contain no unread postings.

Right clicking in the “news” tab in the “side bar”: A unique feature found Pronto! is the ability to “right click” on an RSS news feed in the “news” tab in the “side bar” to better monitor the feeds. To make changes to a specific feed, right click on the feed. A browser specific menu will appear next to the mouse-pointer with the option to either subscribe or un-subscribe to a specific RSS news feed. These two options work the same way as outlined above in section 5.6.

6. Pronto! Keyboard Shortcuts

For more control and faster responses to messages, Pronto! makes use of keyboard shortcuts. Keyboard shortcuts enable the user to perform specific functions using their keyboard and mouse, instead of following route-paths, or clicking on buttons to reach your end-destination. The following keyboard shortcuts are available in Pronto!.

Shift +R (reply)

CTRL +A (select all)

CTRL +C (copy)

CTRL +V (paste)

*While every reasonable precaution has been taken in the preparation of this document, Telpage assumes no responsibility for errors or omissions, or for damages resulting from the use of the information contained herein. The information contained in this document is believed to be accurate. However, no guarantee is provided. Use this information at your own risk.

**All information is subject to change by Telpage without notice due to product improvements or other reasons..